CHICAGO DAILY PRESS AND TRIBUNE.

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PRESS AND TRIBUNE.

FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 12, 1858.

Presidential.

The N. Y. *Times* has come out for Senator Douglas for President in 1860. It seeks to be his N. Y. organ—it tried to be Old Buck's, but was cut out by the "Satanic." The *Courier and Enquirer* is out for Seward. The *Herald* advocates the re-nomination of Buchanan, and advises the Opposition to unite upon Gen. Scott. The *Post* favors the claims of Gov. Chase, or some Western man. The N. Y. *Tribune* is non-committal. Wentworth's paper suggests Lincoln for President or Vice President. The PRESS AND TRIBUNE thinks it is premature to name Presidential candidates, as it is impossible to tell what a year may bring forth, and it is nearly two years yet before the great campaign of 1860. Wait patiently until the signs come right. Let the aspirants on the Democratic side show their hands. Let the present Congress adjourn, and the next one, just elected, assemble, before Republicans take ground in favor of this or that candidate for President.

Take any Shape but That.

The *Herald* is of the opinion that the PRESS AND TRIBUNE will support Douglas for the Presidency, in the contest of 1860. If our respect a neighbor had said that the PRESS AND TRIBUNE would not support Buchanan, it would have got nearer the truth. Accuse us of anything but that.

Street Begging, Again.

It would not be correct to affirm that the streets swarm with juvenile beggars; but we should relate the experience of every well-to-do householder, when we say that they have become intolerable pests and nuisances. It is time that the proper authorities should give them the attention that, under the ordinances, they demand. They should be arrested wherever they ask for alms; and unless it is shown that their necessities justify their importunities, should be rigorously punished—they and the parents or self-constituted guardians who send them out to abuse the generosity of the charitably inclined. They are for the most part impostors, who, from choice or compulsion, make begging a trade whereby they thrive. A gentleman who has instituted inquiries into the necessities of the class, or rather of as many individuals thereof as he could follow up to their homes, tells us that it is safe to say that nine of every ten of the sorry creatures who, with piteous accents and hungry looks, besiege our doors, should be driven away with many stripes. He is familiar with the circumstances of half a dozen families, who, with an abundance to eat and drink, some the owners of real-estate even, regularly employ the children in asking alms, wherewith to multiply the luxuries they already enjoy. We, ourselves, know of a case in which a father worth at least $10,000—the owner of a good substantial brick house well and comfortably furnished—daily drove his little daughter out to beg. The little minx was an adept in her art. She had a story that would draw tears from a statue; and unutterably was she paid for telling it from house to house, exciting the sympathies and opening the purses of the lady occupants as she went. Only fear of the consequences prevents that man from employing his whole family in the trade to which his oldest daughter was bred. A friend relates a case in which he played a part. Applied to one day in his office, by a shivering and thinly-clad child who asked with many tears for money to buy medicine and food for a sick brother at home, his pity was aroused, and he started out to accompany her to the house she had named in her tale. After telling her many attempts to escape, he hoaxed her at last. He was not surprised to find a warm room, a comfortable supper set out on the table, and three lusty men discussing the contents of a whisky bottle while engaged in a game of cards. In answer to his angry remonstrances, the mother said, "As sure ye can't blame the child for wanting to turn an honest penny!" So, with few exceptions, it is with all. The "honest penny," for the support of idleness and for minstering to debauchery, is the object sought. Doubtless there are instances in which the pinching of cold and the gnawings of hunger and not only children but men and women on for the wherewith to put fire in the grate and food in the larder: there are cases where sickness or other misfortune has overborne those who would willingly work: where death has taken away the toiling hands, or in which inability to find employment has brought the wolf to the door; but they are few and easily verified. Let the police and public do the duties incumbent upon each, and street begging as a profession will come to a sudden stop. The sooner the better!

Seizure of Railroad Books.

The Iowa Central Air Line Railroad Company is in process of disintegration and dissolution. The President has resigned, as also some of the Directors. Certain stockholders have commenced suits in Chancery against the officers of the Company, the object being to get rid of the $750,000 Land Grant "black mail bonds," issued by the Directors to persons who aided in lobbying the Grant through Congress. Also to compel the Directors to disgorge or cancel the $260,000 of "full paid stock" which they voted themselves about a year ago for real or suppositious services—amounts varying from $15,000 to $22,000 each, and $50,000 to the President, which he has tendered back. A further object is to prevent any consolidation of the road with the Clinton and Cedar Rapids Company, which last is unnecessary, as the latter Company decline a fusion with the Lyons road on any terms offered.

On Monday last Messrs. W. H. Gibbs, P. Deeds, George Burton, D. & C. Scott, A. P. Jerlin and others, went into the Secretary's office at Lyons and demanded possession of the books and papers of the Company—peaceably if they could, or forcibly if they must. The Secretary, GEORGE W. BETTESWORTH, stoutly refused to deliver, except upon the order of the Directors. Finally, after a long parley, the matter was compromised by the Secretary agreeing to place them in the safe of Rand & Hazlett, bankers, which was done on the conditions specified in the following receipt:

Rec'd of Geo. W. Bettesworth, Sec'y of I. C. A. & R. Co., two packages, said to contain books of the Iowa Central Air Line Railroad Company, marked Geo. W. Bettesworth, sec'y I. C. A. & R. R., Lyons, which we agree not to deliver to any person except upon the order of the stockholders and directors, or a majority of them of said company under a certificate of the Secretary of the Company.

Whether or agree that we will not permit the said books to be examined by any one except upon the order of the Secretary of the above named Company, in writing.

Signed, RAND, HAZLETT & Co.

Thus the matter stands at our last advices. It seems quite probable that the Company will lose the whole land grant, on the grounds of a non-compliance with the conditions of the grant.

Dredging of the St. Clair Flats Completed.

MR. J. D. BARTON, contractor for dredging at the St. Clair Flats, has taken his dredging apparatus to Detroit, having completed the work.

☞ The official returns from Jackson and Berrytier counties, which we have received, are as follows:

	Miller.	Pardee.
Jackson	1,500	1,451
Berrien	1,200	1,171

The official vote of Bureau County is: Miller 2,330, Pardee 993, Dougherty 177. The Buchanan losses have 174 majority over the Douglasites.

☞ For the first time in its history every department of the State of Iowa is Republican, with a clean representation in both Houses of Congress—Grimes, already elected, taking the place of Jones in the United States Senate after the 4th of March.

Fox River Valley Railroad.

A slight error occurred in our article in reference to the Fox River Valley Railway yesterday morning. The second mortgage bondholders are to advance 10 per cent. in cash on one-third of the amount of their bonds, and for the cash and one-third of their bonds they are to have new stock. The creditors of the road, holding some $58,000 of indebtedness, are to come in, advancing cash and receiving stock the same as the second mortgage bond-holders. The first mortgage bond-holders are to advance five per cent. in cash on the par value of their bonds, for which they are to receive new stock. The road will cost the new company about $500,000 or $15,000 per mile.

A Successor to J. Glancy Jones.

The Governor of Pennsylvania has called a special election in "Old Berks" to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Glancy Jones. It is only for the next session of Congress, with which Mr. Jones' term would have expired.

Hiskin out of the Woods.

The official vote in the Ninth Congressional District of New York shows a majority of *thirteen* for Haskin over Kemble. This is exclusive of votes thrown out in Westchester and Putnam counties because his name was wrongly printed on the ticket.

Congressional Vote in Indiana.

The Congressional vote of Indiana in 1856 was as follows:

Democratic	117,965
Republican	111,678
Total	229,643
Democratic majority	6,287

The following was the vote in 1858:

Republican	113,780
Democratic	103,215
Total	216,995

Showing a Republican majority as above, of 9,965, which shows a net gain in the State since 1856, for the Republican and Opposition Congressional ticket, of 16,102.

A Remarkable Omission.

The Message of Governor Brown, of Georgia, delivered to the Legislature last week, entirely omits allusions to "Northern fanaticism" and "treasonable conspiracies." The Governor of Georgia evidently sleeps sweetly in his bed, and is at ease in his mind, undismayed by the machinations of Abolition plotters or the evil designs of Union-splitters. It is so rare an event to find a Message of a Southern Governor wholly devoted to affairs of the State, that the fact is refreshing.

THE CITY.

Printing Cheap for Cash!

Business men, who wish a full and winter supply of PRINTING, can now obtain anything they may desire in the way of Book and Job WORK, at *very low figures for Cash*, at the PRESS AND TRIBUNE office, 43 Clark street. We hope our friends will send in their orders, and save money by so doing.

LADIES' FESTIVAL.—The festival in aid of the Berean Baptist Church takes place at Metropolitan Hall on Tuesday evening next.

FRESH FROM THE OTHER SIDE.—San Francisco papers of October 15th reached this city yesterday by the overland mail.

SCIENTIFIC LECTURES.—Prof. Elgerton is now engaged in delivering a course of lectures on Geology and kindred subjects, at the Institute Hall, before the Mechanics' Institute of this city.

NEW MUSIC.—A. D. Augustra sends us his latest Polka, the "Soldier's Dream," published by Higgins Bros., 45 Lake street.

Louis Staub has laid upon our table the "Carrie Mazurka" published by *Lee & Walker*, Philadelphia, and by *N. Gould, Lake street, Chicago.*

CIRCUIT COURT.—Judge Manierre opens the November term of the Circuit Court on Monday next. From the number and nature of the cases awaiting trial, the session will be a most important and interesting one. Five persons are now in our jail awaiting trial on the charge of murder, and their cases will come before this Court at the coming session.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE CHICAGO RELIEF SOCIETY.—The Directors of the Chicago Relief Society meet at the Tremont House in annual session to-morrow evening. It is probable that they will not decide to renew their operations of last winter in the same manner, and will, save on certain contingencies, remain inactive as an association the coming season.

RE-PAVED.—We notice that East Randolph street is being partially re-paved. The necessity of paving a street before the filling can possibly have become sufficiently well settled to give a firm foundation is thus a cause of increased expence and speedy demand for repairs. We notice already at various points on State and Washington streets, paved within the past season, depressions that will need attention at no distant day to secure a smooth street.

WILLARD, ALEXANDER & CO.—The Banking House of Alexander & Co., are selling exchange on Eastern States at ¼c. There is also a like decline on their rates on Cincinnati, St. Louis and Europe. This House devotes much attention to the announcement which our readers would do well to bear in mind, and extends its publicity in directions where it may reach such cases as the above.

It is to the effect that persons wishing to become pupils of the Free Evening School to be opened three nights each week, for the winter season, can present their application for admission at the office of the Ministry at Large, on Washington street, between 2 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

YOUNG MEN'S ASSOCIATION LIBRARY ROOMS.—Are the wives, sisters, and lady friends of the members of the Young Men's Association as generally aware as is desirable for their own sakes, of the sterling attraction of the Library in Portland Block, open throughout each afternoon and evening. In our opinion it would awaken a wide and new interest in the association, and give a fresh spring to its prosperity if the fair readers who are privileged to do so, would avail themselves of the services of the Catalogue and the courteous Librarian, Mr. French, and secure good reading in abundance for the winter. It would no doubt be the case that "John" and "William" would be pleasantly taken to task at home for their neglect of the Young Mens' Association and its interests. Try it ladies.

THE "HOME."—Let none of our readers forget the "Home for the Friendless," on the corner of Randolph and Peoria streets. Do not remember it only for the sake of overflowing it with paupers, but to stay up the hands of its almoners with a store of such gifts as they must otherwise. Let them have plenty of good, half worn clothing, children's outgrown apparel, shoes, stockings, caps, bonnets. Add a few blankets and other bedding. Never fear, you will not yourself be the warmer for the giving. The time is shutting gloomily down upon us when the poor must have aid. The "Home" exists for the helpless and friendless women and children. Let it be generously sustained.

WELL AND NOBLY DONE.—While on the ferry boat on the Detroit river, a westward bound passenger—a "lone, lorn woman"—had her pocket picked of about forty dollars, every cent she had in the world, by some scamp for whom we are glad there exists an asylum he cannot escape. Conductor Stelding, of the Michigan Central Railroad, nobly aided the woman on her journey, free of fare, to some place in the vicinity of Beloit, while her fellow-passengers made her up a purse of about $30. Nobly and well done.

GET A SEASON TICKET.—Don't leave the managers of the Young Men's Association and the Association itself to the contingency of inclement weather, or the other causes which may tend to diminish their receipts on any one, or any number of the lectures of the course, but, look ye, all who have an interest in the success of the Association and appreciate the place it holds before our public, buy a season ticket, get your friends to do the same, and place the profitable result of the winter course above all chance or hazard.

THE OPENING LECTURE.—The opening lecture of the course before the Young Men's Association will be delivered by Lieut. Maury of Washington, on Friday 19th inst. Subject, "Insect Life in the Sea."

The Jumpertz Case.—The visitor in our Cook County Jail who might see a good looking young man, well dressed, trim and neat and unusually cheerful in appearance, sauntering freely about the corridors, lounging carelessly at some window overlooking the street, or busily reading, always gay and even merry, with nothing in his air or mein to stamp him as one likely in anyway to incur any penalty of the law, and certainly not its most serious and heavy forfeit, would be surprised to learn that he, the visitor, sees before him Henry Jumpertz, late barber's journeyman, whose name has travelled the country over connected in staring capitals, and by sickening details with the Sophia Werner tragedy.

To look at him in jail, at any hour of the day, one would not suppose he had a care, and yet in another repository in the Court House building are a barrel and a saw, the two destined to figure in the coming trial.

Jumpertz is to answer the charge of having murdered his companion in shame, and sending mysteriously to a distant city, her remains packed in a barrel. The case is a singular one in our annals, and the trial will reawaken an intense interest originally excited by the tragedy. The prisoner is confident of being able to prove his innocence of the crime of murder, and talks freely of the reasons which induced him, as he says, to wish to conceal the death of his mistress. He is anxious for trial, which he never wished postponed.

The evidence against him is made up of the complete identification of the barrel here by the person of whom Jumpertz purchased it, and by the remains of the unfortunate woman, which have been recognized and sworn to by her late acquaintances. The link to be added must be the testimony of the Coroner, or some other person in New York city, who saw the remains first taken from the barrel, and that the same were re-shipped to this place. During his long incarceration of several months, Jumpertz cheerfulness has been unabated. He has been a great reader, has kept his cell in the most scrupulous neatness, and frequently has exercised his tonsorial skill in an amateur way, upon the heads and chins of his attendants and fellow prisoners.

Of the five prisoners now in jail here on a charge of murder, Jumpertz is the most intelligent, at the same time most unconcerned. Part of it may be due to a confidence of being able to prove his innocence, but more of it probably arises from a fatalistic philosophy, like that which through trial, conviction and imprisonment to the very foot of the gallows, sustained Staub, executed in this city some months since.

A NEW USE OF A GAS RECEIPT.—A few days since, C. P. Bradley, private detective, arrested in this city a chap calling himself John Alexander Cobler, charged with larceny of clothing from the Naperville House on Randolph street. The missing clothing was not found, but a miscellaneous assortment of trinkets, jewelry, etc., were found stowed away upon John, which looked very much as if he were a thief by profession. Where he came from there was no means of ascertaining, until, stowed away in a fob pocket was found a carefully folded and preserved receipt of the Detroit Gas Co. Officer Bradley at once sent the receipt to Messrs. Tuttle & Champ, private detectives of Detroit, with a description of Mr. Cobler's person. An answer was received yesterday from Mr. Tuttle to the effect that the prisoner has been operating as a room thief in that city, and property was also described as having been stolen by him, which is found in his possession here. The Detroit officer further states that Cobler stole about $40 worth of articles at Ann Arbor. So Cobler is in a bad scrape, and all through his ignorance in mistaking a Gas Company's receipt for a document of value. Unless the case against him here is made stronger by the recovery of the property, he will be sent back to Michigan.

THE MINISTRY AT LARGE.—Don't fall into the mistake and allow it to become generally understood that the Ministry at Large, at their room in the rear of the Washington Street Unitarian Church, is but a convenient dispensatory of food, firewood and physic. Don't shirk the case you have not the courage to refuse—as in nine cases out of ten you should—or the aid perhaps you ought to extend, by the convenient advice to the tattered and squalid applicant, "Go to Mr. Hadley." The Ministry at Large exists for no such purpose as feeding our adult poor, but merely for the little ones—the poverty and want-stricken children, the homeless boys and girls, the street-bred orphans of our city and its suburbs—for these, all these, be they never so many, Mr. Hadley has a warm heart and ready hand, and a host of warm-hearted citizens at his back. Let all who will open their homes and hearts to the little neglected children, who will be to them parents and teachers, guides to morality, virtue and truth, confer with Mr. Hadley.

Madison Street.—That Horrible Pit of Mud and Clay.

Editors Press and Tribune:

There has been very great dissatisfaction in reference to the whole subject of the improvement of Madison street this season, with a large majority of the property owners—the small interest, however, have been in favor of improving the street, and by the aid of their tools in the Council, had orders passed, which any sensible man might have known would not be carried out by property owners opposed, who believed that their remonstrances would (as they carried the majority of the interest) be regarded as good ground for a postponement. The result has been, that remonstrances of the many have been generally laid away in Aldermanic pockets, and the position of the few has had the effect to give us one of the most perfect profanity breeding instruments of the devil, that we have in day light, and the strongest trials of the patience of all the Jobs who have occasion to poke that way, and all on account of the imperturable and dogged foolhardiness of a few men outside of the Council, and a smaller few inside, who would thus appear to be the approved agents of the prince of the "horrible pit" of mire and clay, on earth, trying their hands in, as a kind of stepping-stone to preferment of some kind, in some other department of his majesty's dominions.

If in the hearts of our citizens, they will certainly have one kind of preferment in that direction, they will have the very best crosses that they can devise and afford on such miserable timber. It has come to be a veritable fact that no legislation can be carried in our day, from the Senate chamber of the nation, to the law-making powers of a seven by nine town, built mostly upon paper, except through the magic influence of "lobby members" whose services always command the highest price. This will perhaps account for the fact that a small minority in this case made such admirable headway in defeating the wishes of the large majority who let their interests rest with the good sense of the Council, *without lobbying*—and thus sold themselves it seems for a song. I am loth to believe that our Common Council read the names on the petition last presented, and estimated the interest they represented on the street. Had they done so, common prudence and a very shabby decency would have dictated a compliance with the petition, which was both reasonable and practicable, and would have made the street without the superstructure far better than it ever has been before, and given the property owners the privilege of paving, Macadamizing or putting on the Joliet gravel, when the ground should be settled and fit to receive it, and make a perfect job; which in no case can be done this Fall with any kind of a street, which of itself should have been the sealing argument against the course adopted at the last meeting of the Council, and it is therefore to be hoped that a reconsideration will be had, and the petition *examined* and a vote taken, to see if the signers thereof are *non compos mentis*. If it shall be so decided, then I will say that it will be right and just for Common Council to be their guardians, and that what little money they have left be taken from them and converted into a mudhole to bury them in, and the corporate body wear crape for thirty days.

No one, of course, will be so devoid of sense, as to say we are speaking evil of the rulers of the people.

Facts do the talking, and anything that I could say outside of them, would only be a tin whistle beside the sentiment of the Chicago river. We mean no personalities, and conclude by saying that if the members of the Common Council have not been *generally* misled in voting upon this matter, not being informed of the strength of the petition disregarded by them, then in our humble judgment, they are *generally* very extravagantly suited to be aldermen of even a pauper town, in the poorest precinct of the fag end of squatter sovereignty.

JOHN V. FARWELL.

P. S.—The signers of said petition are as follows, and their several interests are put down in the number of feet frontage they represent:

J. V. Farwell, 35; C. S. Major, 475; John M. Nelson, 50; H. O. Wells, 475; E. Dunham, 100; Jos. H. Gray, 80; J. M. Morrison, 250; Wm. Ellis, 25; Rosenfield & Rosenberg, 112½; Wm. H. Seaforth, 175; C. F. Holder, 50; James Duggan, Bishop for Chicago, 350; E. W. Herrick, 137; Mark S. Kniver, 162; John S. Wright, 174; L. C. Ford, 224; J. S. Newhouse, 200; M. S. Porter, 20; Wm. Jones, 20; Abby Turrup, 155; Soloon Nickerson, 60; S. Lind, 27; F. Bascom 45; R. H. Foss, 20; Sanford Johnson, 27; M. L. Pearce, 160; L. Tatum, 80; J. Mcford, 50; R. C. Raymond, 100; Magee & High, 85; D. Knights, 45; O. Lunt, 90; F. Mosley, 60; H. O. Stone, 40; C. P. Bradley, 45; L. Whitbeck, 80; M. A. Neef, 65; John H. Foster, 45; J. M. Marshall, 250; Ralph S. Seeley, 120; D. Howard Smith, 40; Philip Dean, 45; O. Morrison, 100.

The petition reads as follows:

To the Hon. Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Chicago, in Common Council assembled:

Yours petitioners, owners of real estate on Madison street, hereby remonstrate against going any further with the improvement of said street until next spring, than to fill and grade it and put in the catch basins to carry off the surface water, and horse-shoeing the miserable body to take such action as will allow the property owners to finish the work as soon as the *present active thoroughly* the coming spring, and request them to complete it on or before the 1st of July, A. D. 1859.

HOME JOURNAL.—The *Home Journal*, which has been published in this city for two years past, will be removed next week to Beloit, Wis., where it will hereafter be issued and published. The paper is devoted to the Temperance cause.

DRAMATIC READINGS.—Miss Eloise Bridges well and widely spoken of as a dramatic reader will appear before a Chicago audience in a few weeks.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

SUNDRIES.—The following miscellanea were disposed of at yesterday's Police Court, among others less important.

—Peggy Barry, Mary Craig and Mrs. Riley were fined $5 each and sent to the Bridewell thirty day, for being inmates of a vile den on May street.—Edward Dowey went into a lager beer saloon and wanted to get lager on tick. The saloon keeper refused, and Dowey beat him, and was fined $5 therefore.—Elizabeth Erickson, Caroline Kelson, Peter Oson and Gabriel Sonsen were fined $5 each and costs for keeping of a house of ill-fame, and Andrew Kelson was fined twenty dollars for keeping it. John Seifert, Alexander Bolique and Peter Sonsen were three dollars each for simple drunks.—Daniel Corbett was fined $5 for larceny of wood from a wood pile of one of his neighbors.—Henry Bayerdan, Charles Yandine and George Milne, three gay young fellows, were fined $5 each for assaulting a saloon keeper. They called for beer and paid for it, and on the bar-keeper's refusing to pay for it, the keeper required the money and they beat him with chairs.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

☞ Go at once to Andrew's, 73 Dearborn street, under the Revere House, and buy some reading matter to cheer you up through the long dull winter. He also has a large stock of stationery at reduced prices.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.—The first premiums has awarded by New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, California, Missouri, Michigan, Wisconsin and Illinois State Fairs, also Chicago Mechanics Institute.

New style Machine, $60.

Prices reduced that so each family may have a good Machine.

Hemmer for filling and turning all widths of hems.

Tension for using ordinary spools.

GEO. R. CUTTENDEN, Agent,

no9-1w 167 and 169 Lake street.

GROVER & BAKER'S new and unequalled Family Sewing Machines for $50, running at great speed, almost without noise.—the perfection in the art—is now for sale at the same price of the old machines of the other reliable companies.

Hemmers have just been received and will be attached.

H. ALEXANDER, Agent,

156 Lake street.

N. B.—A complete assortment of Silk, Cotton and Linen Threads on spools also, Needles and oil, wholesale and retail. no9-5t

☞ See advertisement of Quaker City ☜ Sewing Machine. L. CORNELL & Co., 183 Lake st. oct8-1y

☞ See advertisement of Dr. SANFORD'S Liver Invigorator in another column.

MARRIED.

In New Haven, Conn., on Monday Nov. 8th, in the Third Congregational Church, by Rev. Prof. Chauncy A. Goodrich, CHARLES MAN BADGLEY, of Chicago, and Miss ELIZABETH M., eldest daughter of Wolcott Warner, Esq., of New Haven.

At Elgin, Ill., on the 10th ult., by the Rev. Levi Parmelee, Mr. G. C. FAGELFORD and Miss LOUY J. STEWARD, all of Hooksa, Minnesota.

DIED.

In the city of Richmond, Indiana, Oct. 5, 1858, at 6¾ A. M. at the residence of Mrs. Elizabeth Cox, North Front street, ANNA MARIA McLAIN, wife of Andrew McLain, aged 34 years.

On Saturday, Nov. 6th, at the residence of her father, near West Union, ELIZABETH, aged 18 years and 10 months, daughter of Hon. James Curtiss, formerly of this city.

November 9th, ELLEN VAN DOREN, infant daughter of A. V. and Mary J. Harenburgh, aged eight months.

1858 - - Fall Styles. - - 1858

Fine Clothing for the Million.

THE POPULAR HOUSE OF

TAPPEN BRO.'S,

No. 108 Lake Street,

ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR USUAL heavy Stock of Seasonable Fine Clothing and

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

—ALSO—

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings &c.

For ordered work.

The superior quality of their goods, and the moderate prices at which they sell them, are so well known and appreciated by their thousands of customers, that they challenge competition.

ONE PRICE ONLY.

Terms Cash on delivery. nd9-d&t-1y

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER ASIA.

NEW YORK, NOV. 11.—The steamship Asia, from Liverpool on Saturday P. M., 30th ult., arrived this A. M. She passed the Canada 10.50 P. M. of the 30th, for Liverpool; Nov. 1st signalled the Norwegian bark Ennenel, from Quebec; 9th, A. M., passed the Vigo.

The Hammonia arrived at Southampton on the night of the 27th, and the Arago on the morning of the 29th. The Lady Eglington from Quebec rescued Galway on the 9th.

The London *News* says the steamer built in the United States for the Egyptian Government is a failure as far as steam is concerned, and it is expected she will be brought to Southampton in the spring, to have her speed increased.

GREAT BRITAIN.—The political event of the week had been a great demonstration at Birmingham, in honor of Mr. Bright, member of Parliament from that town, and his delivery of a telling speech on the subject of parliamentary reform. Mr. Bright's remarks attracted great attention as an indication of the policy of the extreme radical party. He eulogized the American elective franchise, the equal distribution of representation, and the ballot-box, and pledged himself to support a reform bill providing for such a system. Mr. Bright's recommendations were not generally acceptable to the bulk of the press.

Tenbroeck's horse Barbarity ran a race at Newmarkets against Count Bythany's Olympus, the owners riding their own horses. Barbarity was the winner.

FRANCE.—Prince Napoleon is said to have sided with Portugal in her recent dispute with France.

It is reported that the litigated point between France and Brazil respecting the boundaries of French Guiana will be decided in favor of France on the strength of documents recently found among the archives of Sevilla.

The complete prospectus of the Great Eastern Steamship Company has been issued, and a meeting of the old shareholders convened for the 1st of Nov. to make final arrangements for the transfer of the vessel. The capital of the new company is to be £350,000.

Great uneasiness exists in Ireland in regard to the formation of a new order of seditious societies, which are spreading over the country, and whose members bind themselves not to divulge their plans to the priests. They are supposed to derive inspiration and money from America. In connection with these societies, the projected visit of the New York Irish regiment in Ireland is looked upon with suspicion, and the Dublin *Evening Mail* calls the attention of Government to the subject.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Post* asserts that the French Government has resolved to put a stop to the importation of free negroes into French Colonies.

The London *News* says there has been no further indications of improvement in the Atlantic Cable since the receipt of a few intelligible signals already noticed. Shares are quoted at £330 to £360.

Mr. Gowan, the American contractor at Sebastopol, writes to *Galignani's Messenger*, denying the report that his efforts to raise the sunken ships had failed and the enterprise abandoned. He has raised, since May, six vessels in good condition, and removed several others.

France has ordered a regular service of steamboats between the Bay of Japan and Hong Kong and Canton.

SPAIN.—All the ships intended for transporting troops in the contemplated expedition against Mexico have sailed for Cuba.

The reported royal ordinance will shortly be issued, giving greater advantages to the importation of tobacco from the Philippine Islands over the United States.

AUSTRIA.—16,000 Minie rifles intended for the Bocchia Kotorro have had been seized on the frontier.

Advices from Table Bay to Sept. 21st are received. Four steamers had been captured and confiscated by the Britain.

The loss by the burning of the Australian emigrant ship Eastern City is estimated at £100,000. The vessel was built at Boston, but owned in Glasgow.

The China mail of Sept. 13th, and India mail of the 23d, had reached England.

The Chinese have taken Chinese piratical vessels had been captured and sunk by British cruisers.

Active operations in India by Sir Colin Campbell were expected before Oct. 15th.

Lord Elgin's Japan treaty, as reported, is almost identical with the American.

Bermuda was visited with a terrific hurricane on the 23d, 24th, 25th and 26th of October, and immense damage was done to property.

The U. S. frigate Sabine put into Bermuda on the 31st, having been disabled in the hurricane on the 24th. She lost her mainmast, had her bow ports forced in, and her steering gear seriously injured. Great facilities for speedy and effective repairs were promptly and cheerfully afforded by the British authorities, and the Sabine would again in a few days be in complete order for proceeding to Buenos Ayres.

Post Office Robbery—Shipwreck.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Henry Reed, night clerk in the city Post Office, was arrested last night in the act of purloining letters. Subsequent to his arrest he confessed to a large robbery committed three weeks ago, embracing over one hundred letters on their way to Brooklyn.

The propeller Potomeka, from New York for New Redford, went ashore on Hog's Back, Hell Gate, yesterday afternoon and sank, stern under water. Two tugs and lighters have gone to their assistance.

The Propeller Charles Osgood, hence for New London, was sunk in a collision last night with the ocean steamer York, near Norwalk. The passengers and crew were saved by the schooner and transferred to the steamer Westchester and brought to this port.

Washington Intelligence.

WASHINGTON, NOV. 11.—The Treasury estimates are not yet completed, and until they are it will be impossible for the Secretary to know with any probable amount of revenue will be required for the next fiscal year. In the absence of this necessary information, it cannot be determined what recommendation will be made to Congress, hence newspaper speculations upon the subject are without authority. The Secretary has not yet written a line of his report.

Gen. Ward, of Georgia, though he has accepted the tender of the mission to China, will not be nominated to the Senate until after the ratification of the Reed treaty by that body.

More than usual caution is observed with a view to prevent a premature discovery of the contents of the forthcoming executive reports, and especially the President's message.

The Secretary of the Navy has received dispatches from the commanding officers of the steamers Fulton and Water Witch, and Harriet Lane, which respectively arrived at Barbadoes on the 15th, 16th and 20th of October. They stopped only a few hours to take in coal, and then left for the rendezvous of the Paraguay expedition.

Important Decision.

PITTSBURG, NOV. 11.—Supreme Court. Thomas vs. Allegheny Co. Judge Woodward read an important opinion sustaining the mandamus. Commissioners were ordered to issue a bond at the next annual assessment to meet the interest on $500,000 bonds. The return of the County Commissioners is said not to be sufficient. The Court also says in proceedings in equity the County will be released from paying interest on any but the amount actually received for the bonds.

The Chief Justice gave a separate opinion stating why he concurred, and his views on the constitutional question. The opinions are long, covering forty pages of manuscript.

Haskin out of the Woods.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Nov. 11.—The official canvass of the vote in Westchester County was completed this afternoon with the following result in regard to the contest between Jno. B. Haskin and Gouverneur Kemble, to represent the 9th Congressional District: Jno. B. Haskin 5,906, G. Kemble 4,884. Mr. Haskin's maj. in Westchester Co. 1,022, and Mr. Kemble maj. in Rockland and Putnam Co.'s is 1,009. Mr. Haskins maj. in the district is 13, exclusive of the votes cast for J. B. Haskin, in Westchester and Putnam Counties, where they were registered.

Bank Rascalities.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—It is rumored that the parties who robbed the Bank of Delhi, Delaware County, of $33,000, were arrested yesterday on board a vessel in the lower bay, and that all the stolen money had been recovered.

Interesting developments with regard to the bogus New England Bank of Falmouth, Maine, still issue from Boston. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of parties holding high positions in society.

Detroit and Milwaukee Railway.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 11.—The formal opening of the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway will be celebrated here this evening. The Light Guard military company, the Mayor, a few Aldermen and a number of citizens from Detroit are in attendance. A ball and supper will be given at the Newhall House to-night, in honor of the event.

Railroad Convention.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 11.—The Railroad Convention occupied all day in discussion of the report of the Committee of the Niagara Falls Convention. Indications are favorable for an agreement upon the plan of the Falls Convention, the greater part of it having been already agreed to in Committee of the Whole. Increased attendance and interest to-day.

A Diabolical Act.

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—Ann Stewart was found in a barber shop in this city this morning with all her clothes burned off and her body shockingly burned. She was taken to the hospital, and in her dying deposition states that a mulatto named Mitchell threw camphene on her, which ignited, when he fled. She will not live through the day. Mitchell has been arrested.

Silver Captured.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 10.—The Kash Brothers arrived here this A. M. in charge of Lieut. Stone. She was taken on the south coast of Africa on suspicion of being a slaver. She was formerly owned by Street Brothers, of Charleston, and was sold to parties in Havana. She was provided with a slaver's outfit, and had $6,200 in gold, but had no slaves on board at the time of her capture.

Special Election in Old Berks County.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 11.—The Governor has issued a writ for an extra election in Berks County on the 30th, for a member of Congress, to supply the vacancy caused by the resignation of J. G. Jones.

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—A SMALL HOUSE with lease, on Rush street, near Superior, with or without furniture. Apply to OTTO H. MATZ, Corner Lake and Lasalle-sts. over Chicago sank. Chicago, Nov. 14, 1858. no12 3d&1w

HORSES FOR SALE.—TWO GOOD Horses for sale very cheap for Cash or in exchange for Lumber or Groceries. Apply at 61 West Randolph street to DR. MELLINGER. no12 b&7t 3t

TO EASTERN PROPERTY HOLDERS.—We have some first-class improved property to offer in Chicago, which we can sell low and take in part payment good property in New York, Brooklyn or Albany. Apply to S. H. KENWOOD & CO., no12 1y 58 Lasalle street.

FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE PROPERTY on the North Side, for sale cheap. Lots four and five in Rice's addition, in Wocott's Addition to Chicago, being eighty feet front on Ohio street, between Dearborn and Wocott, and adjoining Mr. Turner's residence, are offered for sale for $8,000—one half cash, balance in five years at ten per cent., per annum interest. no12 3d&1w* BORDEN & PICKERING, 106 Lake street, Up stairs.

NOTICE TO PORK PACKERS.—A Steam Tank for rendering Lard, with the necessary fixtures, for sale at a bargain. Inquire at HILL & FOSTON'S Law OFFICE, 55 Clark street. no12 2w

DR. J. BEAUDINE, Dentist, LATE ASSOCIATE OF DR. A. WOODRUFF BROWN, of No. 3 Great Jones street, New York. Office 100 Lake Street, Over Tripp & Hale's Patent Office Depot. no12 b&8 1y

O. L. WHEELOCK, ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT, Office No. 77 Dearborn Block, Opposite the Post Office, Chicago. no12 b&7t5

CRANBERRIES.

150 BXS. AND BRLS. CRANBERRIES just received on consignment by WOODS & SARGENT, no12 2w* No. 241 Kenzie street, Chicago.

This "Caps the Climax,"

READ THE FOLLOWING EXTRACT from a testimonial handed us; then call at 47 Lasalle street, and see the Oil Born:

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 26th, 1858.

Used your LUNAR OIL HAND LAMP from January to May, in the state of Ohio, where your Oil is sold. Introduced it also several gentlemen. I purchased at the same time with the Lamp one Gallon of Lunar Oil, and used from it every evening for three months at the conclusion of which I removed to this city, and have now one-third of the quantity which was left. My light from this oil having cost me for the three months but SEVENTY FIVE CENTS, gives a *brilliant, steady white light*, superior to that obtained from city Gas Burners. My family were well pleased with the Lunar Oil light, and as before is now a Subscriber to the oil can be obtained. I intend using it again, although I have one to sell. L. J. SWIFT, 117 Lake street.

FOR SALE.—A SPLENDID WATER LOT on the west side of the Chicago River near south branch. Lot 25 feet front by 170 feet deep on Lumber street of 16 feet, being fenced, planked and used as a lumber yard, with a good office building also—situated the one. Terms of this property being $23,850. The owner will take $7,500 worth of Lots improved or unimproved, to the city of Chicago as part payment, and the balance I will keep my own time, at 8 per cent per annum, payable half yearly. Apply to no11-1y S. H. KENWOOD & CO., 58 Lasalle-st.

General Northwestern Serial Book Depot! 194 LAKE STREET, (second floor), Chicago.

NEW BOOK.

NOW PUBLISHING, TO BE CONtinued semi-monthly, and to be completed in about 36 parts, price 25 cents each, the

Battles of the United States by Sea and Land!

Including Revolutionary, Indian, 1812, and Mexican Wars, with Official Documents and Biographies of the most distinguished Military and Naval Commanders. By HENRY DAVENPORT NORTHROP. An Importation of tobacco from the Philippine Islands over the United States.

AUSTRIA.—16,000 Minie rifles intended for the Bocchia Kotorro have had been seized on the frontier.

Advices from Table Bay

PRESS AND TRIBUNE.

FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 12, 1858.

Position of Senator Douglas.

We regard the article in the Chicago *Times*, of yesterday, as decisive of Mr. Douglas' position. Without any knowledge of the facts, we take it for granted that it was submitted to him before publication; and that it is to be received as an authoritative exposition of his present views on matters of national import. In it the words of the Richmond *South* are accepted as true interpretations of his creed, and are quoted as follows:

1. Judge Douglas affirms the original and essential inferiority of the negro.

2. He denies that the negro was intended to be embraced with the abstractions of the Declaration of Independence, and asserts that the right of freedom and equality was predicated only of the dominant race of white men.

3. He denies the privileges of citizenship to the negro.

4. He affirms the compatibility of a confederacy of free and slave States, and the possibility of their harmonious co-existence under a common constitution.

5. He affirms the absolute sovereignty of the States in respect to their domestic institutions, and denies the authority of the federal government to discriminate against the interests of slavery.

6. He inculcates a policy of non-intervention, as between the free and the slaveholding States, as well as between the latter and the federal government.

7. He supports the decision of the Supreme Court, and asserts for slavery the right of colonization in the Territories.

8. He upholds all the guarantees of the federal constitution in respect to the rights of the South.

9. He maintains the dignity and independence of the Senatorial function, against the encroachments of Executive usurpation.

10. He protests his opposition to Black Republicanism at every point and upon every principle.

11. He declares himself true to fidelity to the organization, principles and nominees of the Democratic party.

This, with an express affirmation that the Senator will abide by the action of the Charleston Convention—supporting both its platform and nominees—is the sum of the article in question. So at last we have his position defined. The Republicans who have been anxious for his success, both in Illinois and outside its borders—those who voted for, and those who sympathized with him under the misapprehension that he was severed from the Democracy forever, will be not a little chagrined when they see the result of their labor.

In relation to these eleven propositions let a word be said: We know of no party which has made an issue on negro citizenship, or that has brought forward any measures for the benefit of the colored race, based on the "abstractions of the Declaration of Independence;" hence the three first propositions must be set down to the account of buncumbe; they are on a par with the charges of "negro, equality" that were bowled out of every Democratic throat, during the late campaign. The affirmation contained in No. 4, that Freedom and Slavery may get along harmoniously, side by side, is manifestly unproved. It is not, at many rate, supported by the history of the last twenty years. Nobody denies the absolute sovereignty of the States within Constitutional limits; nobody asks the Federal Government to discriminate against slavery where it constitutionally exists; hence the *fifth* and *sixth* propositions are for buncombe also. But with the *seventh*, the whole Republican party will take issue. It is an indorsement of Dred Scott and the right of slavery to unlimited territorial expansion—the very marrow of the bone of contention! There is no intention to disturb the rights of the South; none to lower the dignity and independence of the Senatorial function; therefore we subscribe unhesitatingly to propositions *eight* and *nine*. The *tenth* is a bagatelle—negative at that; while the *eleventh* is but another way of stating the seventh.

The sum of the matter is this: Mr. Douglas is still for slavery extension and the Pro-Slavery Democratic party. That's the end of all the stir. Who, now, will disbelieve that Morris told the truth, when he declared on the floor of the House, that Douglas was Anti-Lecompton to insure his election. He has insured it. Lo, the result!

Two Errors Corrected.

The assertion of the Chicago *Herald*, that the New York *Times* is a Republican journal is without foundation. More than a year ago the *Times* announced that it had abandoned partisan politics forever, and that it would thereafter be independent. That it has sympathies with Mr. Douglas, and that it will probably favor his pretensions to the Presidency, may be true; but those sympathies and that support are in no sense Republican. The *Herald* is also in error touching the position of the New York *Tribune*. That paper has expressed no preferences for the Illinois Senator, in connection with the Chief Magistracy.

Dakotah Territory.

The citizens of this new Territory have organized a temporary government for their protection and convenience, having been refused an organization by Congress last winter. The Legislature met at Sioux Falls City on the 15th of October, received a message from Governor Henry Masters, enacted the code of Minnesota for their government, and adjourned.

From Washington.

[Special Dispatches to the N. Y. Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8, 1858.

Notwithstanding the denial of the fact in various quarters, it is certain that Lord Napier has notified our Government that a British man-of-war will be sent to prevent the further landing of the filibusters in Nicaragua. The notification, however is not of recent date. It was given some months ago.

Mr. Wm. Walker has the authority of Daniel Webster to countenance him in his evasion of the neutrality laws by an extensible emigration to Nicaragua. In 1852, Webster, who was then Secretary of State, gave Kossuth a written opinion, pointing out a method of conveying material aid in men from this country to Hungary without violating the law.

The Administration does not wish its own Central American designs hindered by private enterprise, and consequently will not wink at Mr. Walker's evasions.

Irishmen and Slavery.

The *Southern Citizen* (John Mitchel), in reply to certain strictures of Richard Haughton and *The Nation*, does not defend the position of Irish Americans with regard to human slavery:

First, Every Irishman in the Southern States, without exception, who can afford to buy negroes, straightway buys them.

Second, One of the most general and most successful planters in the Southern States are born Irishmen; and the finest plantation that has been purchased in America for many years, with 640 negroes upon it, was purchased and sold in Louisiana: the purchaser was an Irishman.

Third, Not only is there a large number of Irish Americans at the South, who own slaves; but most of the Southern planters and slaveholders, we are proud to say, are Irish by descent.

Fourth, Our acquaintance with Irish born citizens at the South is very extensive; and we never met with one of them who is not in favor of reviving the slave trade with Africa, save one; and he is a very large slaveholder already, and wants no more.

Fifth, Irish citizens at the North, though they have no personal interest in slavery, almost universally give their votes to let it alone (which is all that is asked of them), because they have no business with it, no responsibility for it; because it exists under a Constitution; by which same Constitution their own rights and liberties exist; and because its enemies have proved by experience to be their enemies.

So much for those who "launch shafts of shame" at us.

The Mission of William Gore Ouseley.

The following remarks of the London *Herald*, a journal in close relation with the present British Ministry, seem to throw some light on the subject:

"Sir William Gore Ouseley was sent out to treat directly with the States of Central America. He was directed, however, to take Washington on his way. There he has been detained till now, unable to arrive at any conclusion, and delayed by the summer season, during which it was impossible to continue his journey. The United States, though dissatisfied with the existing status, will consent to no solution. Jealous of us without cause, they will neither alter, modify, nor even agree to abrogate the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. The settlement, however, can no longer be delayed. Sir William Ouseley, we understand, is about at once to proceed to Central America to effect a final arrangement of the question. He is fortified by instructions to negotiate, and, if possible, to conclude treaties of commerce and amity with the republics of Costa Rica and Nicaragua, a solution which will be much facilitated by the good understanding lately established between those States. He will effect some arrangement for the Mosquitos, which, by shewing a due regard to the interests of that nation, will enable us in a worthy manner to relinquish a protectorate productive of much jealousy in others and of no benefit to ourselves. He will therefore be enabled to adjust our relations so as to set at rest some of the disputed points in the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. If successful, he will have accomplished a great task in a manner worthy the country he represents. We shall then be able to say to the people of the United States in the words of interest to the world, but of special interest to both branches of the Anglo-Saxon race, the establishment of an uninterrupted communication. We can have no object but free access to our colonies. To England it is essential, and to other nations a free passage to the Pacific is of the first importance."

Chinese Sugar Cane.

SUGAR MAKING IN ILLINOIS.

We find the following interesting correspondence in the *State Journal* of the 10th inst., relative to the culture of the Chinese Sugar Cane in this State and its manufacture into Syrup and Sugar. The information embodied is of much interest:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, Nov. 6th, 1858.

Editors State Journal:—The following letter was, so far as I know or suppose, not intended for publication. But it treats upon a matter of such general interest to the people of the State, and in so satisfactory a manner, that I am induced to ask its insertion in your paper. Perhaps no subject has ever been agitated by the agriculturists of our State of such real importance as this.

Yours very truly,

WM. H. BISSELL.

CHERRY HOUSE, Springfield, Nov. 5th, 1858.

Gov. WM. H. BISSELL:—

Dear Sir:—I have the pleasure of presenting you a sample of syrup manufactured from the Chinese sugar cane, grown in the vicinity of this city, upon rich prairie soil. The apparatus used for making it was hastily set up, and rather temporary, and not as complete as desired.

At the urgent solicitation of S. Francis, Esq., Corresponding Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture, and Editor of the *Illinois Farmer*, Mr. J. C. Depew and myself have undertaken to demonstrate to the farmers of your State that there exists in the "Sorgho," or Chinese Sugar Cane, a valuable saccharine property, in quality and quantity sufficient to justify a reasonable investment at all central localities, in suitable machinery and apparatus to meet the demands of the surrounding country.

The cane is very heavy article, and inconvenient to transport, and liable, also, to sour if long *en route*, it is to be expected that the great bulk will be worked up by the farmer at home and shipped to refiners for sale, or exchanged for sugars or refined syrups. Fixtures for their use are now in successful operation, costing but a small sum. Those of the former class will not exceed the cost of flouring mills in your State, and, like them, may be of any desired capacity. There are now in most of your principal Iowa engines and boilers attached to steam saw mills, or other factories, only partially employed, that can be made useful in working up this new crop. Refineries will be established at all the principal depots of trade—for their cost need not exceed a few thousand dollars. As the syrup becomes plenty and cheap, the demand for the superior will necessarily follow, giving employment to men and capital.

The past season has been one of a very unfavorable character for the production of rich saccharine plants. Dry and hot weather are requisite for such results.

The juice from which the syrup was made, which herewith I send you, marked only 6° "Beaume," (good cane marks 10° and sometimes 15°) requiring not only much more exposure to the fire and atmosphere (both detrimental to all sugars and syrups) but more difficulty in making with the company of some thirty men with all possible dispatch to the scene of danger. Captain Martin is directed to take no offensive measures of hostility against the Indians unless such measures shall absolutely necessary for the protection and safety of the settlers. He is required, however, to notify all the Indians in that vicinity, whether friendly or not, to leave the State, and in case of their neglect or refusal to leave, he is instructed to drive them out of the State at all hazards; and is in express enjoined to make every possible effort to capture Ink-pa-du-tah and as many of his tribe as can be identified as implicated in the massacre of the spring of 1857, in order that they may be dealt with according to law.

It is very generally believed by those who have the best facilities for knowing, that there is a malignant and settled hostility in the breasts of Ink-pa-du-tah and the Indians who are under his control, against the whites, and that they are determined to wreak their hostility on our exposed frontier settlements.

The Jailor of Fulton Murdered—Probable Murder of a State Senator.

[From the St. Louis Republican, 29th.]

Mr. W. H. Luke, of the Jefferson *Inquirer*, who came down on the cars last evening, has given us information of two very deplorable incidents that occurred very recently in the interior of the State. The first of these, located at Fulton, Calloway county, is substantially as follows:

Some time since a good deal of feeling was excited in the community, by the attempts of a white man, whose name is not remembered, and of a slave, to league with him, to entice away negroes from their masters. These machinations were discovered, and they were finally arrested and lodged in jail—the negro to be detained until he could be sold, and his white confederate to await trial before the proper Court. Evening before last, Mr. Nesbitt, the jailor, formerly Sheriff of Calloway county, repaired a little after dark to the apartment of his prisoners to give them supper. As he entered the doorway, the negro struck him over the head with an iron bar, killing him instantly.

The two men made their escape and fled rapidly in the direction of Jefferson City. A party was organized for the pursuit of the murderers, traced them to the river bank opposite that place, when all signs were lost. The white man is heavy set in person, weighs one hundred and seventy or eighty pounds, and had sandy hair and whiskers. The murder produced much excitement at Fulton, and the citizens seemed determined to secure the perpetrators at any cost.

The second is little less deplorable, as it may result fatally to the party assaulted, the present State Senator from the district composed of the counties of Benton, Johnson and Henry, Mr. Goodlet. The latter resides in Henry County, and on Monday or two since was stopping in Warrensburgh, the county seat of Johnson County, probably for the purpose of attending court there, as he is a lawyer by profession. We have no account of the circumstances that induced assault further than that Mr. Goodlet was called upon to give his opinion in a case in which one Williams, a dentist, formerly of Jefferson, was as interested party. Mr. G. gave an opinion unfavorable to Williams, when the latter drew a knife and stabbed him several times so severely that it is thought impossible for him to recover. Williams was instantly conveyed to jail to await the result of his assault. If this proved fatal it is supposed he would be lynched, as the citizens of Warrensburg were greatly infuriated at the act, and the prisoner has been in very bad odor in the town ever since he assumed a residence in it.

Personal and Political.

Gen. Henningsen, as well as the "glass eyed" desperado, is now in Washington. The leading filibusters naturally gather around the great filibuster of the Ostend Conference, in hopes of receiving some countenance, direct or indirect, in the prosecution of their maurading expedition to Nicaragua.

—A Washington dispatch states that in view of a possible complication of affairs in the Gulf of Mexico, a new Cuban Revolutionary Junta has been formed at New Orleans, and is preparing its plans in conjuction with parties in Cuba. They will commence the publication of a new paper at New Orleans on the 15th inst., devoted to the cause of Cuban independence.

—The Providence *Journal* estimates the cost to Government of Major Emory's official report upon the Mexican Boundary Survey—a work ordered by Congress during the administration of Gen. Pierce—to be nearly three times as much as that of all the books in the Astor Library. It is to consist of only two volumes, but they will be profusely illustrated with maps and engravings, many of which have been *ordered in Paris*—as if there were not competent artists in our own country.

—A bill was introduced into the Georgia Legislature on the 5th inst., providing for the repeal of the clause in the State Constitution prohibiting the importation of Africans.

—The presence of a large fleet of British and French vessels in the Caribbean Sea and the Gulf of Mexico excites a good deal of speculation at Washington. A part of this fleet acted together in the recent operations against Venezuela, and it is supposed that the other part is detailed to watch the movements of things in Nicaragua.

—It is stated that in Massachusetts about one half of the voters staid away from the polls. The "stay-at-homes" are estimated by the Boston *Courier* at 17,000.

—The object of Senator Broderick in crossing the plains on his way to Washington is said to be to inspect a route for the Pacific Railroad.

—Gen Denver has resumed his duties as Commissioner of Indian Affairs. Meantime a seventh gubernatorial victim is wanted in Kansas. Where is the gallant Democratic Curtius ready to leap into the chasm?

—Richmond L. Jones, son of Hon. John Glancy Jones, has been appointed private secretary to Commander Ridgely, of the steamer Atlanta, one of the fleet ordered upon the expedition to Paraguay. Adversity is often a blessing in disguise, and Jehu's defeat will provide comfortably for all his relations, says Prentice.

—It is a remarkable fact that the message of Gov. Brown of Georgia, delivered to the Legislature of that State last week, contains nothing about slavery agitation. It ought to be sent to the museum as a curiosity.

—Letters received in Boston from the Hon. Charles Sumner, states that his health is so far restored as to permit him to leave Aix for Paris. It is also stated, however, on the authority of a New Bedford gentleman, who visited Mr. Sumner in Europe, that his system is shattered, and that his recovery in doubtful.

—The friends of the Rev. Theodore Parker will be glad to learn that he is recovering rapidly from his recent severe indisposition. He is so far convalescent as to be able to walk out, and he will soon resume his public labors.

—A life of Washington has made its appearance at Athens, Greece. They make shocking work of our names. Washington's rendered *Uasingtun*; Hancock, *Agkotak*; Bunker Hill, *Boston Bongker*; and old Governor Dinwiddie figures, in the classic language of Homer, Demosthenes and Plato, as *Dieokstes Dinauiddes*.

Arrest of Counterfeiters and Cattle Thieves—An Extensive Scheme of Villainy.

[From the St. Paul Times, 9th.]

On Saturday last information was received by Chief Crosby, that three or four notorious scoundrels who had fled from this city, recently, had been passing off a large amount of spurious money in some of the interior counties. The parties are all butchers by profession, but believes by practice, and for more than a year past have been carrying on a series of bold transactions, which for audacity and fearlessness, surpass anything we have yet heard of. Acting upon this information, Crosby and gave their names as Charles Thompson and Benjamin Monmouth, both of whom are well known in this city, and for a long time past have been closely watched by the police. It appears that they have been up in the country buying cattle, for which they have paid money which purports to be of the "American Bank," located at "Dover Hill," Indiana, but which is indorsed as follows: "Redeemable in gold at current rates at the office of W. B. Banks—Cash."

On Friday last they made their appearance in Carver County, where they purchased several head of cattle from a couple of Germen farmers, and paid them in this worthless money. The swamp who paid out the money has not yet been arrested, though the police are on his track, and is hoped will soon be in custody. He is an Irishman, and has been carrying on the butchering business in this city for some time past.

Their manner of proceeding was after the style of the "patent safe game," so extensively practiced by "sharpers" in some of the older States. One of the party would negotiate for the cattle, and when the money was to be paid the other two men would appear upon the premises, as entire strangers, and vouch for its being "priectly good —good as gold," and by this means, on, leaving the purchaser to conclude the bargain. The cattle were then driven off, and the two "strangers" would be overtaken, when the cattle would be turned and driven hurriedly to this city, where they were at once slaughtered and the beef sold to laborers employed on the railroad, with whom a contract had been made to deliver meat at the low rate of three cents per pound. On Saturday last, two men who had thus been imposed upon, came down to this city, and presented a large roll of bills at the Banking House of W. L. Banning, for redemption. The money was at once pronounced to be counterfeit, and the indorsement a palpable fraud. The matter was informed of the swindle, and soon arrested the parties whose names are given above.

The Irishman, who is supposed to be the chief mover in this damnable business, is a notorious rascal, and if caught, deserves to be lynched, as it is hardly possible that anything can be done with him in this county—and the authorities of Carver county seem slow to act. We understand that Monmouth and Thompson, since their arrest, have sold the men from whom they purchased the cattle, good money. The slaughter house which these men have made their head quarters, is situated about two miles out of the city, on the old Fort road. For a long time past these men have been stealing all the cattle which they could find running at large upon the prairie, and persons in that locality have made frequent complaints that their cattle have disappeared.

The Great East Indian Rebellion.

[From the London News, Oct. 22.]

The news brought by the Overland Mail is full of exciting and melancholy interest. The great rebellion, not yet deprived of its frenzied vitality, reasserts itself first at one place, then another, and every where with the most startling and crushed by our brave generals and soldiers. They march from victory to victory, and yet they find that the foe—fighting in the very extremity of desperation—has not been slain or taken only to reappear in another. Yet the number of the rebels grows sensibly less. Successive defeats so diminish and disheaten their ranks that, were the Governor-General to proclaim an amnesty to all but Nena Sahib and a few other murderers and arch-traitors, it is probable that the number of the armed opponents of British rule would soon be reckoned by units alone, and not by thousands. It is only in Oude that the rebellion is powerful enough to merit a higher title than that of a spasmodic and hopeless insubordination, or a mad attempt to escape from inevitable retribution. But while Clyde—like it was destined to arrive—as the Fate—is preparing his measures for the final blow, his countrymen in India, as well as at home, may rest satisfied that the end is near, and that the end will be the complete re-establishment of our authority in India and the extinction of the last embers of this once mighty conflagration.

The most painful incident reported by this mail is the punishment of the mutineers in the Punjaub—an instance of swift and unrelenting vengeance. The facts were known before, but of the causes and details the public was ignorant. An order having been received from headquarters for the disbandment of the 26th regiments, and their transmission to their homes in detachments of twenty men at a time, a feeling arose among the men that they were only to be divided in that manner that they might be cut to pieces on the way. The feeling rapidly strengthened, and had such an effect upon their conduct that they refused to be sent away, and his white confederate to await trial before the proper Court. Evening before last, Mr. Nesbitt, the jailor, formerly Sheriff of Calloway county, repaired a little after dark to the apartment of his prisoners to give them supper. As he entered the doorway, the negro struck him over the head with an iron bar, killing him instantly.

The two men made their escape and fled rapidly in the direction of Jefferson City. A party was organized for the pursuit of the murderers, traced them to the river bank opposite that place, when all signs were lost. The white man is heavy set in person, weighs one hundred and seventy or eighty pounds, and had sandy hair and whiskers. The murder produced much excitement at Fulton, and the citizens seemed determined to secure the perpetrators at any cost.

The second is little less deplorable, as it may result fatally to the party assaulted, the present State Senator from the district composed of the counties of Benton, Johnson and Henry, Mr. Goodlet. The latter resides in Henry County, and on Monday or two since was stopping in Warrensburgh, the county seat of Johnson County, probably for the purpose of attending court there, as he is a lawyer by profession. We have no account of the circumstances that induced assault further than that Mr. Goodlet was called upon to give his opinion in a case in which one Williams, a dentist, formerly of Jefferson, was as interested party. Mr. G. gave an opinion unfavorable to Williams, when the latter drew a knife and stabbed him several times so severely that it is thought impossible for him to recover. Williams was instantly conveyed to jail to await the result of his assault. If this proved fatal it is supposed he would be lynched, as the citizens of Warrensburg were greatly infuriated at the act, and the prisoner has been in very bad odor in the town ever since he assumed a residence in it.

ARRIVAL OF THE SIXTH OVERLAND MAIL.

INCIDENTS ON THE ROUTE.

NEWS FROM THE GOLD DIGGINGS.

Stealing of the Express Co.'s Horses by the Indians, &c.

[From the St. Louis Democrat, 10th.]

The Sixth Overland Mail arrived last night via the Pacific Railroad, with San Francisco dates of the 15th, and Los Angelos dates of the 16th. The trip was made in twenty-five days and nine hours. By Mr. John Fuller, who came through with the mail from California, we learn the following interesting "items," which we furnish our readers.

There were six passengers which left with the mail from San Francisco, three of whom stopped at El Paso, and one at a station on the road. Mr. Fuller and another individual were the only passengers from El Paso to Warsaw.

BREAK DOWN.

A delay was occasioned by the breaking down of the stage in the Gila Valley, this side of Fort Yuma, but repairs having been speedily perfected, the coach rolled on towards the East without any further interruption.

GOLD! GOLD!

The break down occurred in the immediate neighborhood of the gold mines, where Mr. Fuller states he saw 150 or thereabouts at work gathering the dust. The miners were all in good spirits and encouraged with the belief that the "diggings" are "really rich but permanent." A man told Mr. Fuller, that by carting three loads of dirt half a mile to the water, he had made at least one hundred dollars worth of dust.

INDIANS THIEVING, ETC.

About fifty miles this side of Fort Chadbourne, Mr. Fuller informs us that the Indians had been on a horse stealing scrape with one property of the Company. He states that six horses and a mule had been stolen a few days previous to the arrival of the stage, at that point. With this exception there had been no interference on the whole route.

The weather during the trip has been excellent, until within five days travel of St. Louis. During the past five days the sky has been overcast, but no rain has been seen by any of the party during the whole journey.

S. H. Dosh, Brigadier General of the 2d Brigade, 6th Division of the California Militia, has called for a company of eight volunteers, to protect the people and travellers, on the road between Weaverville, Trinity County, and Union, Humboldt County, against the depredations of the Indians in that section.

LATER FROM THE FRASER RIVER MINES.

Dates from Victoria, Vancouver Island, are to October 8; and from the mines on Frazer river to October 4. The river has fallen, and considerable gold was being taken out, but the weather was so cold and unpleasant that many of the miners are deserting the country and returning to California. By two steamers, which arrived in San Francisco on the 11th and 13th of Oct., over eight hundred persons returned from the Frazer river region.

The American Commissioner, Mr. John Nugent, had interfered to secure Americans at Victoria, accused of petty crimes, the aid of counsel in their trial, which heretofore has been denied them, as well as British subjects.

We have dates from Oregon Territory to October 6. The reported massacre of Gen. Palmer and his party, is not true, as they are all safe.

A man named Gonniston, who was some time ago pardoned out of the State Prison, on the ground that he was insane, on the afternoon of October 15th cut his daughter's throat in a dreadful manner, at Vallejo.

The *Gazette* publishes a letter from Port Douglas, a new town site on Harrison River. The writer, under date of the 25th, says:

There have been numerous arrivals at this place during the last three days of parties from the Upper Fraser, some loaded with country for good, and others going below after provisions to carry back to that region. Some of these parties report that they have been up Fraser river a distance of from twenty-five to fifty miles above where the new route strikes it, and also up Bridge River from twenty to forty miles; that they prospected the bars thoroughly wherever they went, with the following results: They found the color almost everywhere, on the high banks and even the tops of the mountains, and that for a day's work they could make a purchase on, two and three ounces there was as much as could be made in many pans of dirt, but the average a man might calculate on making at the present stage of the water will not exceed from one to two dollars in the day. The country, however, is still too high for successful operations, and those who spent the last winter on it say it will be full three weeks to thirty feet, when one or two ounces a day can be made on the best bars without fail. The gold taken out is somewhat coarser than that below Douglas, and from the latter to Lytton, which is much coarser, being in thin flakes, something like the scales of fish—compared with the rest of the Fraser. The parties are all butchers by profession, but believes by practice, and for more than a year past have been carrying on a series of bold transactions, which for audacity and fearlessness, surpass anything we have yet heard of. Acting upon this information, Crosby and gave their names as Charles Thompson and Benjamin Monmouth, both of whom are well known in this city, and for a long time past have been closely watched by the police. It appears that they have been up in the country buying cattle, for which they have paid money which purports to be of the "American Bank," located at "Dover Hill," Indiana, but which is indorsed as follows: "Redeemable in gold at current rates at the office of W. B. Banks—Cash."

On Friday last they made their appearance in Carver County, where they purchased several head of cattle from a couple of German farmers, and paid them in this worthless money. The swamp who paid out the money has not yet been arrested, though the police are on his track, and is hoped will soon be in custody. He is an Irishman, and has been carrying on the butchering business in this city for some time past.

Their manner of proceeding was after the style of the "patent safe game," so extensively practiced by "sharpers" in some of the older States. One of the party would negotiate for the cattle, and when the money was to be paid the other two men would appear upon the premises, as entire strangers, and vouch for its being "priectly good —good as gold," and by this means, on, leaving the purchaser to conclude the bargain. The cattle were then driven off, and the two "strangers" would be overtaken, when the cattle would be turned and driven hurriedly to this city, where they were at once slaughtered and the beef sold to laborers employed on the railroad, with whom a contract had been made to deliver meat at the low rate of three cents per pound. On Saturday last, two men who had thus been imposed upon, came down to this city, and presented a large roll of bills at the Banking House of W. L. Banning, for redemption. The money was at once pronounced to be counterfeit, and the indorsement a palpable fraud. The matter is informed of the swindle, and soon arrested the parties whose names are given above.

The Irishman, who is supposed to be the chief mover in this damnable business, is a notorious rascal, and if caught, deserves to be lynched, as it is hardly possible that anything can be done with him in this county—and the authorities of Carver county seem slow to act. We understand that Monmouth and Thompson, since their arrest, have sold the men from whom they purchased the cattle, good money. The slaughter house which these men have made their head quarters, is situated about two miles out of the city, on the old Fort road. For a long time past these men have been stealing all the cattle which they could find running at large upon the prairie, and persons in that locality have made frequent complaints that their cattle have disappeared.

Terrible Explosion on the North River.

[From the N. Y. Tribune, 8th inst.]

About 1 o'clock on Saturday afternoon, as the little steam-tug Petrel, Capt. Allen, was passing down the North River, her boiler exploded, destroying the boat, and killing all hands save one man. The disaster occurred off Duane street pier, and was witnessed by thousands of persons who were assembled in the vicinity to watch the departure of the steamers for Aspinwall and San Juan del Norte, Mr. Lawrence, the clerk of the steamer Broadway, which was moored to the Duane street pier at the time, informs us that he was standing on the hurricane deck of his boat while the Petrel passed, and saw some one whom he believes to have been Capt. Allen standing near the wheel-house. He gallantly waved his handkerchief to him, and the others gaily returned the compliment. As he did so, the little tug burst into fragments, and disappeared in a blinding mist of steam and splinters. Then came a dull, heavy report, followed by a crash like thunder. High up through the splinters of wood and fragments of iron, shot a human form; and, the next instant, it descended at his feet, head foremost, and breaking through the deck on which he stood, fell upon the main deck of the Broadway, leaving a shattered hole sticking behind among the splinters. Portions of the wreck were thrown to a great distance, some of them falling upon the piers adjacent. A large piece of the iron, a chain and a coal rake fell upon the Erie Railroad pier, among a crowd of people, but happily no person was injured.

When the steam and smoke cleared away, the tug had disappeared from sight, leaving only a mass of splintered wood floating over the spot where she had gone down. In the midst of the confusion attending such a scandalous affair, which cannot fail to do harm to the Papal Government, but the Pope has nothing to do with it, he could not alter the case, and has thus openly constituted himself the patron of kidnappers.

A similar outrageous case happened in Austria, some months ago, though its result is less serious. At a railway accident a Franciscan Friar was summoned to give extreme unction to some dying men, among whom there was a Jew; the Friar, without inquiring into the religion of each of them, anointed them all; the Jew recovered, and the authorities declared that in future he was to be held as a Christian, and that therefore, if he ever had children, they must be baptized, not circumcised. The involuntary convert protested in vain against this double injustice, and in consequences by expatriating himself from the Austrian dominions.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

MAIL AGENT ARRESTED FOR ROBBERY.—Jacob Born was arrested on the 7th, at Shawneetown, Ill., by Mr. Garver, agent of the General Post Office for the State of Indiana, and Postmaster Rudd, for depredations committed on the mail ten or twelve days ago, on the cars between Vincennes and Terre Haute. Born had formerly been route agent, and when he was discharged he had not got commission of the acting agent to serve in his place, in order that he might accomplish his purpose of robbing the mail.

ARREST OF A GANG OF COUNTERFEITERS.—CAPTURE OF THEIR COINING IMPLEMENTS.—Deputy U. S. Marshals Joseph M. Barber and John Roadarmour arrived in this city yesterday per steamer Boston, having in custody George Wright, Robt. Grant, Wm. Sheppard and Joseph Kelly, whom they arrested on Saturday last between Cairo and Hanging Rock, or thereabouts, upon a charge of being engaged in counterfeiting United States coin. The prisoners were partially examined before U. S. Commissioner Newell, yesterday afternoon, and were committed last evening in default of $1,500 bail each, for a further examination to-day. Deputy Marshals above mentioned a large quantity of machinery, implements, dies, chemicals, metals, &c., used in counterfeiting operations, and got possession of sundry pieces of silver coins in various stages of manufacture—all of which they produced in evidence. —*Cincinnati Com.*, 10th.

CANADA COINS.—Nearly half a million dollars worth of the new Canadian coins of the denomination of only ten and twenty cent pieces have been received per the Indian. The large coins are of silver and the cents of bronze.

Hits by Prentice.

[From the Louisville Journal.]

TYPOGRAPHICAL ERROR.—One of our exchanges says "the *wife* crop of Gasconade County, Mo., this year is estimated at 95,000 galls." The wine crop was referred to, but 95,000 galls will make a good crop of wives notwithstanding. The Hartford *Times*, noticing the death of an editor, says "he was a high *winded* gentleman, and a pungent writer." Perhaps he was a stump speaker of the high-winded school of oratory. A Lconfoco editor says "the Democracy are *licked* like a band of brothers" instead of linked, and another says, "we have *sent* the enemy and we are theirs!" Types play sad pranks.

—Douglas' Chicago organ says that the Little Giant "has the germ of great events in his soul." He has, however, been so constantly in the hottest kind of watery that the germ in him can no more hatch than if it were an egg in the belly of a wild pallet.

—McKee, of the Maysville *Express* has written the life of our able young friend of the Lebanon *Knickerbocker*, extending it, we believe, through a whole column. Mac will probably one of these days have his own life *dispatched by a single line*.

—Somebody says that "the Administration has been wiped out in Illinois." *Wiped up* would be a more fitting expression.

Catholic Persecution of the Jews.

The French press continues to discuss the abduction of the child of the Jew Mortara, from Bologna, which was christened surreptitiously by a Catholic servant girl, and now detained by the Holy Office. The French Government has remonstrated against this scandalous affair, which cannot fail to do harm to the Papal Government, but the Pope has replied that he could not alter the case, and has thus openly constituted himself the patron of kidnappers.

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Miscellaneous.

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FRENCH KIP AND CALF

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For Distillers and Sugar Refiners.

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From the best Manufacturers for sale by

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Lot in the vicinity of St. James Church on Cass
which we are authorized to offer very low and
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OR SALE CHEAP.—THE SOUTHEAST
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E HAVE FOR SALE A NEW BRICK
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Apply to S. H. KERFOOT & CO.,
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HE LIND UNIVERSITY AT LAKE
Forest, twenty-seven miles north of Chicago, on the
ago and Milwaukee Railroad, has recently been
ened for the reception of students. Academy has been
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and Milwaukee, where they can have the ad-
ages of good society, and a first order of schools, at
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immediately west and adjoining the town, as
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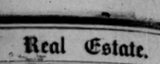

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Dr. C. will furnish first-class city references to all who
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N. B.—An early application is indispensable in most
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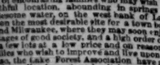
EYE AND EAR.



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for Diseases of the Eye and Ear, without the Knife, and would announce that he has permanently established himself in this city, and has taken Rooms at SEVENTY-THREE South Clark street, in order to afford to those afflicted with Diseases of the Eye and Ear, an opportunity of being treated by a system which is entirely new, the results only safe, and the cures in all cases within the reach of human skill. Call and see him.
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CONSULTING SURGEONS:
Dr. E. L. Holmes | Dr. F. R. Norcom | Dr. H. Parks,
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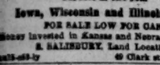
LOUIS MAUSS,



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Glasses fitted with the best crystal glasses, Barometers, Ther-
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Lenses and Brazilian Pebbles. my24-3m

DR. J. PHILLIPS
PRACTICAL OPTICIAN AND OCCULIST,
No. 95 Washington street, two doors from Dearborn,
Chicago, Ill. se27-1y-eod

Stationery, &c.

THREE SILVER MEDALS
HAVE BEEN AWARDED TO
Munson & Bradley
81 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO,
FOR THE BEST
BLANK BOOKS.
ALSO ON HAND:

Letter Stands,	Sealing Wax,
Inkstands,	Steel Pens,
Rubber Cups,	Lead Pencils,
Desk Knives,	Bankers' Cases,
Rulers,	Letter Boxes,
Writing Pads,	Pen Holders,
Erasers,	Money Books,
Paper Weights,	Pen Racks,
Gold Pens,	Twine,
Letter Clips,	Quill Pens,
Shears,	Desk Pencils,
Pen Knives,	Cash Boxes,
Spring Files,	Blotting Paper,
Twine Boxes,	Ivory Tablets,
Envelope Paper,	Quills,
Rubber Bands,	Elastic Bands,
Cutters,	Calendars,
Office Scales,	Ivory Folders,
Gazette Files,	Paper Files,
Stilettos,	Book Rests,
Penknives,	Gum Tickets,
Tuttenholm's Cutlery.	Red (Spool) Tape,

Commercial Printing.

CONSISTING OF
CARDS, BILL HEADS, CIRCULARS, &c.,
PROMPTLY EXECUTED AT
Stationer's Hall,
my9 1y 45 Lake street.

TO LUMBERMEN AND OTHERS.
For Sale,
Timber of Canada Gauge Sawed Boards; two-thirds of
which are Hook Lumber, as follows, viz:

90	Inches	12	Feet in Length.
22	"	14	"
20	"	16	"

PRICE, $6.00 per M.
D. GOODFELLOW,
Corner of Franklin and Ohio streets.
oct30-3m

G. H. & L. LAFLIN'S
WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE,
No. 28 SOUTH WATER STREET,
Have just received their winter stock of Paper and Envelopes,
which they offer in any quantity to the trade at the lowest
cash prices of every description kept in a first class house.
se25-1y

GLASS! GLASS!! GLASS!!!—
Glass and Sundry Trade Items, of interest to the trade, for
sale at the lowest cash prices by
CHARLES A. SMITH,
se25-1y 45 Lake street.

Special Notices.

F. S. Cleaver's Prize Medal Honey
Soap, the only genuine, will be found the best Toilet Soap in
the country, from its free and creamy lather, a lasting and
delicate perfume, and warranted not to injure the skin.
Beware of counterfeits.

F. S. Cleaver's Musk and Extra Scented Brown Windsor and Glycerine Soaps. Also, Soapaceous Tooth Powder, for the teeth and gums, to be had at all respectable Drug, Grocery and Fancy Stores in the United States. Manufactured in London. Wholesale Depot 31 and 33 Dey street, New York. For sale by
no11 J. H. REED & CO., Chicago.

It is Seldom that we notice anything in the medical line, nor would we now, unless we could be convinced that we are doing our duty as journalists, in recommending to the pub lic Dr. J. Hostetters Celebrated Bitters for the cure of that most terrible and fatal of all diseases, Fever and Ague. From our own experience with this valuable specific, we can safely say, that for diseases of the above nature, it stands without a rival. Its timely assistance has saved many a fellow-being from a premature grave. Every day we hear of it conquer na the worst cases of Fever and Ague. To those who are in the least afflicted with any of the complaints arising from an irregularity of the digestive organs nothing can be more beneficial than these Bitters. We cheerfully recommend them to the thousands in this State who are suffering the most intense pain, as a certain cure for their ills. Try them and be convinced of their many excellent qualities.

For sale by Druggists and dealers generally, every, where. no17 2w

F. S. Cleaver's Prize Medal Honey
Soap, the only genuine, will be found the best Toilet Soap in the country, from its free and creamy lather, a lasting and delicate perfume, and warranted not to injure the skin. Beware of counterfeits.

F. S. Cleaver's Musk and Extra Scented Brown Windsor and Glycerine Soaps. Also, Soapaceous Tooth Powder, for the teeth and gums, to be had at all respectable Drug, Grocery and Fancy Stores in the United States. Manufactured in London. Wholesale Depot 31 and 33 Dey street, New York. se29 1m J. C. ROYSTON, Agt.

A Card.—The Subscribers beg to announce that they have been appointed Agents for the sale of WALTHAM WATCHES, and that they are now prepared to supply the Trade at Manufacturer's Prices.
They will guarantee the satisfactory performance of every Watch sold by them of the manufacturers, believing as they do that the durability of those Watches and their unequalled time-keeping qualities warrant them in so doing. CONSUMERS will not forget that in buying American Watches they avoid the numerous profits accumulated on the foreign article before it reaches them, as well as the duties and expenses of importation.
J. T. & E. M. EDWARDS,
se23-6t 101 Clark street.

All those who are afflicted with any Chronic disease considered incurable, will receive a Letter giving information which will insure a speedy and permanent cure by sending their names and one stamp (to prepay postage) to Dr. B. FOOTE, the celebrated Chronic Physician, and author of "Medical Common Sense," Saratoga Springs, N. Y. se14-3m&w-ad54

Sawyer's Fluid Extract of Bark, an
Infallible remedy for the Fever and Ague, and all the various forms of Bilious Diseases, Intermittent, Remittent, Chill Fever and Dumb Ague, having their origin in malaria of very fertile and marshy districts, prepared by Dr. E. E. Sawyer, Chemist and Druggist, and sold by Sawyer, Paine & Co., No. 16 Lake street, Chicago.
This remedy is prepared entirely from vegetable substances, and contains no mercury, arsenic or anything that can possibly injure the system, but its effects are those of a deobstruent and tonic, well adapted to restore the healthy action of the Liver and Stomach, whose functions are so generally impaired in this class of diseases.
Quinine and other tonics serve only in many cases to break the chills, but do not remove the diseases of the Liver and other organs familiarized, on which the chills and Fever depend; hence the necessity of using a "Fluid Extract of Bark," (particularly in regions where Physicians cannot be readily consulted), which contains all the qualities suited to the indications of these maladies.
Hundreds of testimonials in regard to the efficacy of the medicine from persons of respectability, have been given to the proprietor—but he does not make use of them as he prefers to have the medicine introduce itself securely by its merits.
Charles' London Cordial Gin.—The Original and only London Gin Imported. This Gin, distilled in London from sound Barley, under the surveillance of the British Excise Laws, is delicately flavored with a tincture of the Italian Juniper Berry, and some of the most valuable restorative of the Vegetable Kingdom, rendering it the solution of the most exalted medicinal man, the purest and safest stimulant or diuretic drink of use.
It is a delicacious, of a soft and delicate flavor, differing entirely from any other Gin, and devoid of that harsh, acrid taste, which renders the article known as Holland Gin or Schnapps so objectionable.
Though not intended as a medicine, it is recommended by eminent physicians (Charles' London Cordial Gin "not only superior to any other, but the best article of the kind he has ever seen."
It is peculiarly adapted to settlers in the Southern and Western States, as well as for travellers exposed to changes of water and air.
For sale in quarts at seventy-five cents, and pints thirty-eight cents, by all Druggists, Grocers, Proiterers, and Country Merchants. Beware of Counterfeits. Buy only CHARLES' NONE OTHER IS IMPORTED.
May be had in Chicago, Ill., of PENTON, ROBINSON & SMILEY, 96 and 98 Michigan Water street.
WHITING & CO.,
Wholesale Agents for the West.
& CO., No. 87 South Water street.

Extension of Stay.—In consequence
of the large number of applications daily, Dr. E. READ-
ABLE made it necessary to defer his visit to New Orleans, until he remained in Chicago until further notice. Dr. R. is a regular graduate of the Academy of Medicine, Paris, and all Chronic Diseases, at their first stage, will be treated with confidence. He would announce that he has permanently established himself in this city, and has taken Rooms at SEVENTY-THREE South Clark street, in order to afford to those afflicted with Diseases of the Eye and Ear, an opportunity of being treated by a system which is entirely new, the results only safe, and the cures in all cases within the reach of human skill. Call and see him.
Consultations free. au11-eod-6m

Notice.—The undersigned, Stockholders in the Merchant's Bank of Macon Georgia, are by heavy volume of the Charter, to be personally liable for its issues. The notes of this Bank will be taken by us on deposit on the same terms as Kentucky, Indiana and Ohio. H. A. TUCKER & CO.

Wines & Liquors.

W. T. Shufeldt & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS FOR
A. F. CROSKEY,
81 - - - South Water Street, - - - 81.
(Corner of Wabash Avenue.)
Distillers of
ALCOHOL, PURE SPIRITS, AND WHISKYS,
Also Manufacturers of
Domestic Liquors, Burning Fluid,
—AND—
DEALERS IN HIGHWINES AND RECTIFYING OIAL.
The Trade supplied at Market Rates and on Liberal terms. au5-eod-1y

WHITING & CO., 163 RANDOLPH STREET.
OFFERS AT SALE FROM
STORE OR U. S. BONDED WAREHOUSE,
AT A SMALL ADVANCE ON NEW YORK PRICES.
WINE,
BRANDY,
GIN,
RUM,
AND WHISKY,
TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
Country orders solicited. jy24-y228-1y.

Leather and Findings.

HAYDEN, KAY & CO.,
238 Randolph Street, Chicago,
Manufacturers importers and Dealers in
Saddlery Hardware
BENT STOCK,
COACH TRIMMINGS,
Springs, Axles, Varnishes,
Webbings, Horse Collars, &c.
P. HAYDEN, New York
P. WILSON, Cincinnati.
WILLIAM V. KAY, Chicago, Ill.
W. H. YORKE. S. SIDWAY
TURNER & SIDWAY,
Manufacturers & Wholesale Dealers in
Saddles, Bridles, Collars, Gig Saddles,
BRIDLE FRONTS
Pad Hooks, Driving Reins, Horse Covers and Black ets, Whips, Fly Nets, &c. &c.
OFFICE AND SALES-ROOMS:
238.....RANDOLPH-ST.....238
Over Hayden, Kay & Co.'s Saddlery Hardware Store.
au5-eod-1y

CHICAGO STEAM DYE WORKS—
COOK, BRO. & CO.,
Have removed to
153.....South Clark Street.....153
CHICAGO ILLINOIS.
Lace Curtains, Crape Shawls and Counterpanes
CLEANED BLEACHED,
And warranted to look as good as new.
CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS AND DRAUGHTS,
Of all kinds, cleaned and warrated.
CRAPE SHAWLS,
Dyed in any color with every kind of Ladies' Silk, Satin and Woolen Shawls and Dresses; Brocha, Stella and Velvet Shawls Cleansed and Pressed in a superior manner.
MERCANTILE PIECE GOODS,
WEBS AND PRELAINES,
Dyed and Re-finished.
N. B.—Gents' Coats, Vests and Pants Cleaned and Repaired with the utmost neatness. no20-1y

COTTON BAGS.
Eastern Manufacturer's Agents.
CHASE & CO.,
14.....South Water Street.....14
Branch CHICAGO

Educational.

A. LA BOMBARDE, PROFESSOR OF
French. For further particulars apply at Desplaines street, between Randolph and Lake streets, No. 40 Portland Block from 2 to 3 P. M. no4-1m* b469

F. G. BERTEAU'S ENGLISH AND
French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies—108 and 112 Clark street, Chicago, Ill.—Will re-open on the 30th of September next.
TERMS, FRENCH INCLUDED!!
Collegiate Department, per term.....$25.00
Intermediate " " 15.00
Primary, " " 12.00
For particulars and references, see circular to be obtained at the institution, or at Geo. A. Ormes' Book Store, 124 Lake street, Chicago. se18 1y.eod-1m

BOYS' CLASSICAL SCHOOL.—THE 4TH
year of this Institution will commence
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 12TH, 1858.
Entrance No. 67 Clark Street.
NUMBER OF SCHOLARS LIMITED TO TWENTY-FIVE.
T. W. BRUCE A. M., Principal.
Address box 3066. se4-1y-b386

BOY'S HIGH SCHOOL.—THE NEXT
Term will commence on Monday, September 13th, 1858. A. J. SAWYER, A. M., will continue to receive only twenty-five pupils into his school at his residence, 115 Monroe street, and he wishes no more to apply for admission unless they are desired to do so by all for whom he gives. For the advancement of those admitted no pains will be spared by the teacher. se9

Garden City Institution,
NO. 20 HARRISON-ST.,—NEAR STATE.
THE SEVENTH YEAR OF THIS INSTITUTION will commence on Monday, September 6th. Tuition charges from 16 to 32 00 per Quarter. The Female Department is separate, and the number of pupils in this department is limited to forty-five.
For further particulars apply at the school rooms from 8 to 9 A. M., or 5 to 6 P. M.
H. O. SNOW, Principal.
se2-eod6w

SNOW'S SEMINARY, 275 HURON
street, North Side, Chicago, Ill. The fourth school year will begin on Monday, Sept. 6th, 1858. The Female Department is entirely distinct from the male, having different school hours, separate recitations, recess, &c. For full particulars see circulars at Rom's and Cook' bookstores, or apply after Sept. 1st, at the school room, to O. T. SNOW, Principal.
au21-1y-a421

THE YOUNG LADIES' HIGH SCHOOL.
63.....EDINA PLACE.....63
The Fall Term of this Institution, under the charge of the MISSES STEVENS, will commence on Monday, Sept. 13, 1858. se11-1y-a29

Copartnerships, &c.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—
The copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of HIGINBOTHAM & WHITE, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st of October.
T. H. HIGINBOTHAM.
C. G. O. WHITE.
NOTICE.—All notes and accounts due will be collected by S. F. James, Esq., No. 12 La Salle street.
HIGINBOTHAM & WHITE.

Sewing Machines.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE!
THE LATEST PATENT OUT.—
SEWING MACHINES.
NO INFRINGEMENT, BUT AN IMPROVEMENT ON ALL OTHER
(Pratt's Patent.) The Ladies Companion Single and Double Thread Sewing Machines are warranted to do the work of any other family machine and equally well. They will stitch, hem, fell and gather at the same time, and the work can be taken out, or so it cannot. There is no unravelling of the under needle, it being self-fed. They are the simplest and most elegant machine in use. They are not shuttle machines, and cannot be got out of order. It is less complicated by one-half than any other machine; has fewer parts, is more easily kept in order, and can sew with them. They sew with great rapidity and like beauty. Every machine warranted. Satisfactory references given.
The price comes within the reach of all. The common Treadle machine is $75. The silver Plated, beautifully decorated, $85—all complete.
Agents wanted.
Machines adjusted and put in operation by competent persons at our office, Sewing Machine Depot 81 and 83 Dey street, New York. Or at 124 Lake street, Chicago.
se18 1y.eod-1m

$5 SEWING MACHINES.
A PRACTICAL FAMILY SEWING MACHINE
—FOR—
FIVE DOLLARS.
Performing fully Equal Work—No Missing or Ripping of Stitches—No sewing Out of Order—Anybody can use it—Everybody will have it.
(SECURED BY RECENT GRANT OF LETTERS PATENT.)
Etchings of Machine for new invention will be placed within the reach of any enterprising business man. A portion of the territory already assigned.
The Proprietors confidently feel that they now place before the public an article of merit, or a profitable investment ever offered. A Sewing Machine combining the requisite qualities, which, by its astonishing simplicity and low cost, it is not to be supposed, will have a most unbounded waiting for the Machine to come within their purse.
Parties wishing to purchase are requested to call at once, examine the most wonderful machine, and secure a monopoly of the State or County desired.
NOVELTY SEWING MACHINE CO.,
Office, Bartlett & Co., Needle Manufacturers,
211 Broadway, cor. Canal st., N. Y.
Call or send for a Circular with cuts Machine. oct7 bcd2-1m

$25 SEWING MACHINE.
Raymond's Latest Improved
Double Threaded Sewing Machine
WARRANTED EQUAL TO THE BEST.
Will Stow and Hem, Tuck and Full, Gather and Embroider, and will perform all kinds of Family Work of Goods, even Leather. And especially adapted for FAMILY USE.
Any person of ordinary intelligence can learn in one hour to use it successfully.
Complete printed directions will be sent with every machine. All inquiries by letter, with an extra postage stamp, will receive prompt answers with a specimen of stitching.
N. B.—Agents wanted in every town in the West. Address EDWIN CLARK, Box 508, Chicago, Illinois, who can also have the found at the Depository of the Co., No. 3 Dearborn and Lake, No. 36 Lake st., on the third floor.
We have a number of second hand machines, but will give only the names of a few, who are among the first families, viz:
We, the undersigned citizens of Chicago having lately purchased one of Raymond's Latest Improved Double Threading Machines and used it successfully on different kinds of goods in our families' service, do cheerfully recommend it to all persons wishing to purchase a family machine.

E. F. Wadsworth,	Mrs. Watson V. Cox,
Mrs. J. T. Cook,	Mrs. Levi B. Tuft,
Mrs. D. F. Graves,	Mrs. Anna S. Graves,
Mrs. A. A. Barrows,	Mrs. M. D. Bowne,
Mrs. N. Shipherd,	Mrs. M. Beach,
Mrs. Frederick Rickords,	

se27-1y-b496

Raymond's Latest Improved
Double Threaded Sewing Machine
WILL GATHER, TUCK, STITCH AND
hem as well as any Sewing Machine now in use. It also has many advantages over all the sewing machines and some over the high priced ones. Which we shall be glad to show to any one desiring to see the different machines. It works with 3 threads, making the double-lock stitch, and when desired is not "almost," but altogether impossible to draw stitches or break the thread.
All are invited to call and see for themselves at 84 Lake street.
A. HOLBROOK, Agent,
N. B. Agents wanted for all parts of the country.
au2-1y-a328

QUAKER CITY, DOUBLE LOCK
TIGHT STITCH.
$20 SEWING MACHINE
NEVER BEFORE EXHIBITED IN THE WEST.
All other Chicago Machines take only the single thread chain stitch. This takes the same
TWO THREAD
Stitch as the most expensive ones in use. Its work will
Not Rip Though every Third Stitch be Cut.
The Machine is simple, adjusted and not liable to get out of order. Works as rapidly, makes as firm and beautiful a seam on the coarsest as the finest goods, from two cottons; spools, does coarse and fine work perfectly, by simply changing the needle and tension.
THEY DO ALL KINDS OF WORK AND GATHER.
They make little noise and run more easily than most Machines.
ONE LADY
With a Sewing Machine is equal in efficiency to
Eight to Twelve
Seamstresses by hand. Every family and any one making Sewing a business should own one. This is the
Only Machine Sewing with Two Threads.
Except one, sold in the world for less than $100. Weinvite all who wish a Machine to do any kind of work done by it, to call and see it in operation. Samples of work sent by mail upon receipt of a stamp. Machines sent to persons who never saw them, and who need successfully after a few hours' practice. Full printed instructions given. Entertaining men, with a few hundred dollars to purchase county may now secure lucrative exclusive agencies in any of the better towns of this State or Missouri. None others need apply. Call at
Chas. E. Wiswall's Shoe Store, 133 Lake St.,
near Clark. Address I. CORNELL,
se4-1y-v218 Box 1,966 Chicago, Ill.

Architects.

P. E. KAHLE,
ARCHITECT.—OFFICE NO. 7 SOUTH
Clark street—Up Stairs—Chicago. my1 1851

WILLIAM W. BOYINGTON,
ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT.
Careful and minute Specifications, and
RELIABLE DETAILED ESTIMATES
Made from Drawings.
OFFICE—81 Dearborn street, 1st door north of Post Office
Sept. my17-1y-v73

O. L. WHEELOCK, ARCHITECT
Office No. 80 Dearborn street, Chicago.
FIRST DOOR NORTH OF POST OFFICE.
Rooms formerly occupied by Boyington & Wheelock.
au21-1y-a881

Oysters.

OYSTERS—OYSTERS—OYSTERS
HATCH, MANN & CO'S unrivalled fresh Baltimore Oysters received daily, by express, and for sale at their packing house in Baltimore, Md., and for sale at their depot, No. 126 North Water street, Chicago.
The utmost care and attention being paid to the preparation of these Oysters they have attained a reputation unequalled by all others. All orders will receive prompt attention. Address HATCH, MANN & CO.,
Post Office box 1897.
N. B.—This establishment will be permanent.
OYSTERS, OYSTERS, OYSTERS,
WESTERN AGENCY.
I am now receiving daily, the best KIND, CAN and SHELL OYSTERS, from the most celebrated packers in New York and Baltimore, which I warrant to be
Of the Best Quality.
Orders promptly attended to.
se20 1m&w-a1003 A. T. HINCKLEY, 93 State Street.
Country orders promptly attended to.

PATENT AGENCY.

BOND & COATSWORTH,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNCELLORS AT LAW,
51 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.
WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION
to all legal business, and, in connection with G. W. CRAIG, Patent Draughtsman and Architect, will apply for procuring Patents, File Caveats, Drawing and Specifications, Prosecuting Interferences, Extensions and Reissues, Assignments, and all other business relating to Patents. Inventions and improvements will be secured with patents, and have made drawings for the same, and all other business will be furnished if desired. Fees not confidence, from their extensive practice they will be able to satisfy all parties who may favor them with their business. Models will be procured or any business transacted at Washington.
BOND & COATSWORTH.
L. S. BOND.
jy24-v231-1y

Chicago Barrel Manufacturing Co.,
SOUTH CLARK, NEAR NORTH ST.,
ARE PREPARED TO CONTRACT WITH
a Million for a Million Barrels of Lard, Oil or Whiskey, of quality, at satisfactory prices. Also keep on hand a supply of Barrels to fill orders. Pork and Heading and Hoops for sale. P. O. Drawer 5866.

TURKEY OPIUM, CANARY SEED,
Turkey Opium, Canary Seed, Quinine, Morphine, Gum Arabic, Acid, Quicksilver, Cream Tartar, Salts Tartar, Epsom Salts, Rochelle Powder, Rochelle Salts, Potash, Soda, Saltpetre, Copperas, Camphor, Glauber Salts, Sal Soda, &c. &c. For sale by ROCKWELL FINNIS & CO.
se18-1y-a1000

McNAIR & CO.,
XXX FLOUR,
THE HOVELTY MILLS
500 & 502 State st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PICCOLOMINI'S GREATEST PECULIARITY, ACCORDING TO WILLIS.—Mr. Willis has been to hear Piccolomini and then he writes to the *Home Journal* in regard to her:
But how can I describe what is Piccolomini's great peculiarity? Her mouth, while she sings, plays the most delicious pantomime possible to conceive! The eye of the spectator is so pelted with kisses, exquisitely represented in a sort of *adio reiseo*, that it is absolutely bewildering. The natural action of the lips seems positively that, and nothing else—kisses, caught and put into harness, and made to do duty like sung words. It is most difficult to realize as one looks and listens when she leans over the foot lights—(with anything of a habit of kisses "seen done," that is to say)—that the rest of the audience has not mysteriously disappeared, leaving the matter entirely between one's self and her! And then the absolutely innocent confidingness of the whole play, and pout of those pulpy little red lips—looking so as if they implicatly trusted and believed in you, while they tried to reach you—makes it still more absolutely personal and private. I do not think there was ever before such an actress on the stage—one who was unequivocally stamped with the innocence of a child, while she left upon every auditor the mysterious memory of a kiss! As the ballad says:—

"Such two lips to wish for,
(By heraldry's law,)
Are blazoned on the cipher
Engraved on her cruet."

though I doubt not that the "helmet and shield" of the chivalric Piccolomini had a blazon much more warlike, won by their swords in those Middle Ages when they were so famous.

UNDERNEATH THE SKIN.—All over the surface of our bodies there are scattered millions of minute orifices, which open into the delicate convoluted tubes which pervade both the skin, and are called by anatomists sudoriparous glands. Each of these tubes, when straightened, measures about a quarter of an inch; and as, according to Erasmus Wilson, whose figures we follow, there are 2,800 of these tubes on every square inch of the palm of the hand, there must be no less than 882 inches of tubing on such a square inch. In some parts of the body the number of tubes is even greater; in most parts it is less. Erasmus Wilson estimates that there are 2,800 on every square inch, on the average; and, as there are 2,500 square inches of such surface, we arrive at the astounding result that, spread over the surface of the body, there are not less than twenty-eight miles of tubing, by means of which liquid may be secreted, and given off as vapor in insensible perspiration, or as water in sensible perspiration. In the ordinary circumstances of daily life the amount of fluid which is thus given off from the skin (and lungs) during the twenty-four hours is 2 lbs. 6 oz. avoir. But in the hot air ordinary circumstances the amount will, of course, rise enormously. Dr. Southwood Smith found that the workmen in the gas works employed in making up the fires, and other operations which subject them to great heat, lost, on an average, 3 lbs. 6 oz. in forty-five minutes; and when working for seventy minutes in an unusually hot place, their loss was 5 lbs. 2 oz., and 5 lbs. 14 oz.—*Blackwood.*

SUPPERS FROM PUNCH.—A *Piggy Reflection.* How does it happen that when a ball becomes due, the acceptor is often missed?

MORPHY OUTDONE.—The chess world has lately been astounded by the celebrated performance of Mr. Morphy, the American, who played eight games of chess at the same time without seeing the board, but John Bull has "eternally whipped him into smash." During the last Parliament a celebrated Railway Counsel was leader in fourteen cases, without seeing the rooms in which the committees, and was engaged the whole day in opening the John O' Groat's v. Land's End Railway case in room B. At 1 o'clock he partook with a good appetite of a paper of sandwiches and a glass of sherry; and, at the rising of the committee, he sacked ten guineas agiece for imaginary attendance at each of the other fourteen committees, and at 5 o'clock drove round the park in his carriage, apparently not much exhausted by his day's work.

A FACT.—Illustrated.—Three gentleman smoking in a railway carriage—Guard puts in his head and lobs at: "There are two things not allowed on this line, gentleman: smoking and the servants of the company receiving money." The result, a metallic pass from gentleman to guard.

APPALLING RESULT OF SOMNAMBULISM.—One of the most awful results of sleep walking of which we have heard for a long time transpired at the upper Ferry Landing during the night preceeding yesterday. Friday evening a farmer named John Bray, from Indiana, who was removed to some point on the Missouri river with his wife, father-in-law, and four children, came in on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad. Being in straitened circumstances, the family obtained permission to stop for the night in a small room on the ferry dock at the foot of Carr street. Between twelve and one o'clock in the night Bray arose in his sleep, and taking his youngest child, aged three years, in his arms, actually walked from the room and into the water! The piteous wailing cries of the child, and the loud calls of the father for help, soon drew a number of persons to the melancholy scene from adjacent places on the Levee. The frantic grief of the family partook of the incoherence and wildness of the maniac, and is described to be of the most heart-rending description. Before ingenuity could resolve on any means of rescuing the drowning objects, both had sunk, to be seen no more alive. We have rarely been called on to record a more appalling casualty.—*St. Louis Republican, 1st.*

SAILOR JUSTICE.—A correspondent of the Boston *Post* says:
"Strolling leisurely about Uncle Sam's big ship yard in Washington, the other day, we observed a regular hard working mechanic (for from a man-o'-war, who, in turn, was watching two men dragging a seven foot cross-cut saw through a huge live oak log. The saw was dull, the log was terribly hard, and there they were sawing, saw, saw, pull, push, pull, pull. Jack studied the matter over a while, until he came to the conclusion that they were pulling to see who would get the saw, and as one was a monstrous big chap, while the other was a little fellow, Jack decided it was see fair play; so taking the big one a clip under the ear that capsized him end over end, he jerked the saw out of the log and laying it to the small one, he sang out,—
'Now run, you beggar!'"

PHOTOGRAPHIC EVIDENCE IN COURT.—We learn from the Boston *Advertiser* of a new use of the photographic art. Several large pictures, taken by Whipple & Black, the well known Boston photographers, of two adjoining estates on Washington street, in that city, were offered in evidence before Judge Bigelow, of the Massachusetts Supreme Court, at a hearing in a case touching the rights of the owners of a party wall. The *Advertiser* remarks:
"No description in words, or plan by a surveyor, could have afforded so satisfactory information as to all the details of the wall as these photographic pictures gave, with most reliable accuracy. A series of pictures taken during the progress of any works, concerning which a question is likely to arise in court, might be of the utmost service in establishing the facts in the case, by a species of testimony which, from its nature, must be unimpeachable."

IMPERIAL STRUGGLE FOR A KISS.—A merry scene is said to have occured in the vestry of the chapel of St. Cloud soon after the marriage ceremony of the Duc de Malakoff. It is the custom among the country people of the Duke's native province for the gentlemen of the bridal party to make a rush for the "bride's kiss," as they call it, the first kiss of the newly-maid bride, which entitles the happy possessor to the left hand of the bride in the procession on leaving the chapel. The struggle between the Emperor and Lucien Murat ousted the greatest merriment. The Emperor was pressing his victory to prociaim himself the victor, but Prince Lucien protested against the decision most vehemently, and declared that the kiss had been rightfully conquered by him.—*Court Journal.*

EXTRAORDINARY ELOPEMENT IN YORKSHIRE.—The York *Herald* details the circumstances of the reported elopement with her father's groom of a young lady belonging to the East Riding, the daughter of a banker who is deputy-lieutenant of the county, and in her own right, possessed of £10,000. Determined not to marry a widower with a small family, for whom she was destined by her parents, the young lady, who is about 23 years of age, left home on Wednesday, the 13th, on horseback. At Beverly she left her steed, and with the groom, proceeded in a chaise to London. She has not yet been discovered.

THE IMPIETY OF HOOPS.—The resolutions of the Miami Conference of the Church of United Brethren, declaring the wearing of crinoline incompatible with a true Christian's profession, seems to be rigidly enforced by the authorities of that denomination. At a camp-meeting of the United Brethren Church, recently held near West Baltimore, Montgomery county, Ohio, Bishop Russell forbade any one with hoops on to partake of the sacrament, affirming that they would not be welcome at the table of the Lord.

THE MAGNITUDE OF A MILLION.—The human mind has but faint idea of the magnitude of the sum total included in the term million. As an illustration, it may be stated that if a man should reach the extreme age of one million hours; the number falling short one hundred and twenty-five thousand of that amount.

A driver of a coach in Texas, stopping to get some water for the young ladies in the carriage, was asked what he stopped for? He replied—
"Why, I am watering my flowers."
Quite a delicate bit of a compliment, and not so bad for Texas.

Woman's Constant Torment—Dust.
Man's Greatest Plague—A woman continually brushing the same.

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COMMERCIAL.

Commercial and Money Matters.

THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 11.

MONEY, EXCHANGE, &c.—The exchange market to-day has been unsettled. Some of the banks have sold at ¾ of one per cent. premium, while about an equal number have maintained it steady at 1 per cent. The downward movement on the part of those who made it is doubtless temporary, as the amount of exchange maturing is by no means large for the season. Some of our bankers seem inclined to require the country banks to make the exchange, a thing which it is obvious they can do only to a limited extent. The natural course of business would seem to be for the country banks to furnish currency for the bankers here to purchase the produce, on which of course Chicago city banks can make the exchanges of the West. If there is too much currency, it is obvious that it must be retired. But to require the country banks to furnish exchange to this city to any very considerable extent is to exact about as great an impossibility as did the Egyptian King of the poor Hebrews—"to make bricks without straw." It is a grave question for our city bankers to decide whether there is too much western currency afloat. If there is, it should be run home, and the banks that have any of the colors of the "cat" about them should be wound up. If there is not too much currency, better favor the country banks, and as far as possible act on the principle of "live and let live."

Chicago Daily Wholesale Market.

Bank discounts are as usual 10 per cent., with plenty of money for produce and all other legitimate purposes. Gold retails only in small lots at 1@1¼c. The street brokers are doing very little at former rates, viz., 1¼@2 per cent. per month.

In regard to the New York money market, the New York *Evening Post* of the 9th has the following:

To-day there are symptoms of still greater ease in money. The advance established during the first half of last week is partially, if not wholly lost. The resources at the command of the heavy discount houses seem to be as large as before, and we no-ion an increase willingness to lend. The common rate for call loans is 4 per cent., with occasional negotiations as low as 3@3½ per cent., while on the other hand 4½@5 per cent. is quite freely paid on miscellaneous collateral. Endorsed commercial paper, "gilt edge," to run four and six months, is done at ½@1 per cent. Better figures ruled a week ago—say 5@5½. Short date acceptances are easily placed at 4 per cent., and choice names would perhaps go a shade under.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* of the 10th says:

There has been a fair, but not active, demand for money during the week, with an increasing inquiry, but the market maintains its easy features, and rates are negotiated at 10@12 per cent. The transactions outside of the discount houses are light, and confined chiefly to paper not known in bank.

The Stock Exchange has not exhibited any new feature since the date of our last weekly review. Supplies have been equal to the demand, but no more. Both, however, are comparatively moderate, and the latter, to a great extent, from the interior. The wants of local merchants are usually light. As compared with last week buying has been slightly easier, but the quotations for banker's checks remain at ¾ prem. New Orleans sight continues scarce and firm at ¾@1 prem. Bills are sparingly offered and can be negotiated at 100@1 00 cash. Gold remains with only a moderate demand.

The Wheeling *Intelligencer* states that some boys discovered, in a hollow tree near that place, on Sunday week, over a thousand dollars in counterfeit bank notes, mostly on Kentucky and Ohio banks. It is conjectured that it was deposited by some discreet rascal, who intended to check it out as he needed it, deeming so large an amount unsafe upon his person.

COMMERCIAL—The *Asia*, with Liverpool advices to the 29th ult., was telegraphed to-day. Flour is reported steady for fine brands, but heavy for low grades. Wheat is reported 1@2c lower—red western being quoted 5s 5d@5s 6d. Corn was neglected and nominal. Provisions were dull, with a declining tendency.

The steamer's news had an unfavorable effect on the markets to-day. Winter Wheat was very quiet, and buyers would not pay yesterday's market. Holders, however, were firm, and the sales were very limited—only about 2,000 bushels having changed hands at $1.09@1.10 for No. 1 White in store; $1 for No. 1 Red in store in up river houses; and 89c for No. 2 Red. Spring Wheat opened at 67c for No. 2 Spring in store, but after the news declined to 65c, with sales of about 20,000 bushels—the market closing quiet.

Corn was dull and declined 1@2c, with very limited sales at 56c for No. 2 in store.

Oats was quiet, with however a good demand for old crop in bags. Best Duluth. Highwines steady.

The Provision market begins to attract considerable attention, although prices are yet rather unsteady, and operators seem to be in considerable doubt. The Kentucky buyers seem to have the most faith, and the heavy sales of the season have been principally made to them. A sale of 1,000 bbls Mess Pork was made to-day for March delivery at $15. About 7,000 cured shoulders were sold on private terms; and 200 bbls Lard at 9¼c for delivery this month.

The Hog market is active and buoyant. The receipts to-day were very large; but both packers and shippers bought freely at $4.25@4.45 gross for heavy, nice hogs, and $3.50@4.00 for light lots. Between three and four thousand hogs were sold to-day.

Cattle were dull and lower. Good cattle sold at $2.50@3 per 100 lbs gross; but the bulk of the sales were at $2 00.

Freights are still dull. No vessels were taken to-day.

At Milwaukee yesterday the receipts were: 261 bbls Flour; 5,012 bu Wheat; 262 bu Oats; Wheat sold at 78@80c for No. 1 and 80@85c for extra.

The Quincy *Whig* of yesterday has the following items:

Pork packing has not yet commenced. There is considerable animation, however, in the market, and producers will certainly realize remunerative prices this season: $5 per 100 lbs net, is now offered.

Beef packing commenced yesterday at the establishment of Pomroy & Co., and J. E. Norwood. The prices paid are 2 cents gross; 4 cents net. We found some twenty or thirty hands busily employed at the house of Pomroy & Co. It promises to be a thronged season with the beef and pork packers; and we hope it will be.

The New York market for spirits is thus reported by the *Journal of Commerce*:

The low prices that have been ruling in the market for some time past for Rochelle brandies, has attracted considerable attention, and all the leading brands, such as "Alex. Seignette, &c., have been bought up, and there are now very few packages in first hands; several parcels have been sold, to arrive, at $1.25 @1.45. The outside brands of Rochelle as well as Bordeaux brandies are in large stock, and hardly saleable at any price. Other descriptions are limited at $2.05@2.10, some of which cost $2 35@2.50 to land here. Gin is in better request, and the arrivals have been large; we notice sales of 100¼ pipes of "Grape Leaf," extra Fairfield and Alexandria, at steady rates; also, 30¾ pipes from store at 75 cents, and 50 pipes other brands at 72½ cents. Jamaica spirits rums are still very dull, with small sales of Jamaica at $1.25@1.60. Santa Cruz is nominal at 65 cents. There are no sales of any consequence reported in Scotch Whisky.

The receipts at New York on the 8th were:—Flour, 26,091 bbls; Wheat, 55,294 bu; Corn, 45,663 bu; Oats, 2,754 bu; Barley, 25,237 bu; Beef, 1778 pkgs; Pork, 422 bbls; Wool, 1,161 bales.

The New York *Journal of Commerce* furnishes the following interesting four statistics:

There is no possibility of ascertaining with exactness the stock of flour at this port, but in familitating the making of estimates, we have been at some pains to compile the comparative receipts and exports which will be found highly interesting and useful for reference:

Receipts and Exports of Wheat Flour at New York in 1858.

	Exports to foreign ports.	Received at N. York.
Jan. 1st to Feb. 4th	115,254	246,000
Feb. 5th to April 5th	174,000	340,000
April 7th to June 28th	238,638	483,641
June 30th to July 27th	89,000	99,351
July 28th to Sept. 20th	206,172	305,644
Sept. 21st to Nov. 1st	145,000	245,000
Total from Jan. 1st	1,346,764	2,268,136
Add stock Jan. 1st		300,000
Supply		1,968,136
Deduct exports		1,346,764
Leaves for home supply		1,619,464
Or 46 46 pounds to each		1,340,000
Leaves present stock		1,279,464

Our readers will remember that our estimate of the average consumption dependent on this market is 50,000 bbls per week, of which 15,000 bbls is contributed by local millers, and received by transient conveyances, not included in the returns. The estimated stock January 1st is from our own tables then published, and was 600,000 bbls. We have no data to guide us some of our cotemporaries, but we have seen no reason to change our opinions. The estimated stock here November 1st, is 1,279,423 bbls, on the basis of the same figures, and we believe it is about the true total. But as we give our data, those who think that the stock should be more or less, can figure for themselves. The supply held here is largely composed of the medium and better grades, and is in very strong hands. Holders assume an upward movement in prices after the usual close, and are hoping for a more active export trade.

BOB AND PROVISION TRADE.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* of yesterday says:

Although but little, comparatively, has yet been done in the way of packing pork, owing to the continuance of unfavorable weather, the season may be said to have fairly commenced. About 4,000 head were received during the week ending last evening, of which 2,000 were slaughtered. The market has been decidedly buoyant with an advance in price of 50c per 100 lbs. The purchases have been generally moderate, and the packers are possessed with some delivery, according to the

Bu falo Live Hog Market.

Receipts 8 7 the week ending Saturday, Nov. 6:

Ohio	Ho gs.
Illinois	803
Indiana	772
Michigan	1447
Left over last week	397
Total	3,541
Shipped to Eastern Mark et	1,656
Taken by Dutliers for feeding	1,885
T ken for Buffalo Market	66
Left over	34
Total	3,541

Sales 122 corn hogs at 4 35@4 50; 200 do do at 4 45@ 50 heard all. fed do at 5 cwt; 198 do corn hogs at 4 50@4 60; 240 light still fed do at 4 14@4 25; 200 corn hogs at 4 ½@4 60 do do at retail at 4 ½@4 50 ¥ 100.

LAKE INTELLIGENCE.

PASSED DETROIT—Bound Up, Nov. 10th—Propellers Mill man—ees, Iowa: brig E W Cross: schrs Titan, Gamecock, Bound Down—Free Nile: brig Baltimore: schrs A Scott, Planet, G W Grant.

PASSED THE WELLAND CANAL—Bound West, Nov. 9th—Schrs Bruen, Vermont, Arctic, Marquette, Anna Cra'g. On the 8th—Prop Ocdensburgh: brig Orkney Lass; schrs Lovejr, Grimwood.

Bound East, Nov. 8th—None. On the 9th—Prop Jefferson; brigs Uncle Sam, Acadia; schrs Catherine, Belle Sheridan, B F Day.

ARRIVED AT PORTS BELOW FROM CHICAGO—At Buffalo, 9th—Props Old Concord, Potomac, Nile.

CLEARED FROM PORTS BELOW FOR CHICAGO—From Buffalo 9th—Schrs Autocrat, Arcturus.

Disasters.

12th The schooner Ralph Campbell struck a reef at Mid Island on the flat sit., thereafter the vessel is the object of about $150. Her deck load of lumber had to be thrown overboard, a further loss of about $80

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED.—Nov. 11.

Stmr Huron, Morgan, Grand Haven, 71 m shingles, 7 bxs Produce: 1 condemned Sheep: 100 bbls wood, 55 m staves, 50 m lumber.

Prop Sea Bird, Bennett, Sandusky, 91 Joseph, 1100 R R Iron, 60 m wood, 350 pork bbls, 35 skins p-ltoons.

Prop Buffalo, Corby, Buffalo, 100 bbls lime.

Brig S F Gale, Childs, Green Bay, 300 m lumber, 200 bbls shingles.

Brig C P Hair, Dwyer, Grand Haven, 140 m lumber, 48 m shingles.

Schr Genoa, Allen, Muskegon, 140 m lumber, 80 m shingles, 50 m lath.

Schr R H Soil, Peterson, Kalamazoo, 45 m lumber.

Schr Clipper City, Soil, Sebewaing, 60 c s wood.

Schr Lizzie Throop, Flood, Grand River, 90 m lumber, 14 m shingles, 56 cds wood, 15 m lumb r.

Schr J E Mills, McCabe, St Joseph, 1450 R R ties.

Schr Lizzie Throop, Flood, Grand River, 90 m lumber, 14 m shingles, 56 cds wood, 15 m lumb r.

Schr Seventy Six, Paine, South Haven, 55 cds hoop poles.

Schr Atlanta, Richardson, South Haven, 40 cds coals.

Schr E G Gray, Brown, St Joseph, 55 cds wood, 40 m lumber, 9 000 bu do.

Schr Tri Color, Reynolds, St Joseph, 28 cds wood.

Schr Brisbane, Chase, Muskegon, 70 m lumber.

Schr St Helena, Cook, Grand Haven, 170 m lumber.

Schr Union, Aldrich, South Haven, 45 cds wood.

Schr H Jones, Sherry, 470 cds cotatoes.

Schr Storm Smith, White Lake, 2 m lumber, 10 cds bolts.

CLEARED.—Nov. 11.

Stmr Huron, Morgan, Grand Haven, sundries.

Prop Ogon a, Gordon, Charlottsville.

Prop Sun, Hurlbut, Buffalo, 2,500 bbls beef, 2,500 bbls.

Bark Plymouth, Flats, Kingston, 16,000 bu wheat.

Bark Sunrise, Lavin, Oswego.

Schr Breadwinner, Bennett, Oswego, 17,000 bu wheat.

Schr Mark Hibbs, Arctic, Grand Haven.

Schr J E Sutherland, McCabe, St Joseph, 50 bbls salt.

Schr Peoria, Hall, Muskegon.

Schr Wm Jones, Shermaan, Manistee, 2,000 bu corn.

Schr Telegraph, Norcross, White Lake.

Schr Elizabeth, Smith, Racine.

Schr Antwerp, Gallow, Grand River.

Brig Hunter, Bailey, Port Hope, Lake, 12 bbls flour.

Brig Mary, Sprie, Green Bay, 1,000 bu corn, 22 bbls beef.

ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN CANAL.

ARRIVED.—Nov. 11.

From Ottawa—Ottawa, From Joliet—P Northrup. From Lockport—Penguin, Josephine.

CLEARED.—Nov. 11.

For Lasalle—Bel'e Bryan, American Star, Africa. For Lockport—D V Bell, D C Norton. For Joliet—Northrup.

RECEIPTS.	
Barley, bu	80 Corn bu 4,714

MILL FURNISHING DEPOT.

T. W. BAXTER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
French Burr Millstones,
AND C. W. BROWN'S PATENT PORTABLE
Flouring and Grist Mills.
Also dealers in
DUTCH ANKER BOLTING CLOTHS,
Smut Mills and Separators,
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Bolting of all kinds,
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Bran Dusters, Fairbanks' Scales,
Pecks, Proof Staffs, &c., &c.
—AND—
Mill Furnishing Generally,
West Water street, between Randolph and Madison, Chicago, Illinois. P. O. Address box No. 274.

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The subscribers having obtained the agency for the sale of steam Engines and Boilers, from the

Manufactory of Goulding, Bagley & Sowall,
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would invite the attention of purchasers to their superior merits in style, workmanship and powers, also their very low prices. The Engine is of the class known as Gardner's Governor, together with Heater, Water and Steam Pipes, Gauges, Valves, Steam Separator, Filtrator, complete and ready for use, delivered in Chicago:

5 horse power	$400	25 horse power	$1,250
8 "	500	30 "	1,400
10 "	700	40 "	1,671
12 "	800	50 "	1,900
16 "	1100	60 "	2,200

and in like proportion for intermediate sizes as required.

Every Engine is furnished with a Governor.

JUDSON'S PATENT GOVERNOR VALVE.

For Flour Mills, we confidently recommend them as superior to any other style of Engine, and they will

Save from 25 to 50 per cent. in Fuel

over the usual class of Boilers in use at the West. We shall also keep constantly on hand a full assortment of different sizes of Engines, Boilers, Pumps, &c., of establishment where they may be examined and the necessary information obtained. Orders by letter or otherwise promptly filled, if desired, be furnished to set up and start complete. Address as above. 1y

WATER WHEELS, SHAFTING, GEARING, &c., at very low prices.

Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished when desired.

T. W. BAXTER & CO.,
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WE ARE AGENTS FOR THE ALLEN Manufactory, of Boston, Mass., for the sale of Rotary-valve Musical Instruments of every description.

ALL INSTRUMENTS WARRANTED
to give satisfaction, and sold at manufacturers prices in Boston, without addition of transportation.

PRICE LIST.

	Brass.	German Silver.
Ab, Eb, C & Bb Cornets, 3 Rotary Valves,	$45 00	$50 00
Eb and F Trumpets	45 00	50 00
Eb Tenors	45 00	50 00
"	50 00	55 00
Bb Baritones	45 00	50 00
"	50 00	55 00
Bb and Ab Basses	50 00	55 00
"	60 00	100 00
Eb and F Contra Bass	60 00	100 00
"	80 00	120 00
French Horns	60 00	100 00
Ab Eb C and Bb Cornets, 2 piston valves	135 00	
"	150 00	
"	165 00	
"	from $145 00 to $200 00	

Ornamental Engraving from $3 to $25 Extra.

We also keep on hand instruments of other kinds of French and German manufacture, with piston valves, which we will furnish to order, and which, for the price, can be had elsewhere. A liberal discount will be made to bands. Send for circular.

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Advances made on Consignments. P. O. Box 1834. Chicago. mh21 1y-6543

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Bound East, Nov. 8th—None. On the 9th—Prop Jefferson; brigs Uncle Sam, Acadia; schrs Catherine, Belle Sheridan, B F Day.

ARRIVED AT PORTS BELOW FROM CHICAGO—At Buffalo, 9th—Props Old Concord, Potomac, Nile.

CLEARED FROM PORTS BELOW FOR CHICAGO—From Buffalo 9th—Schrs Autocrat, Arcturus.

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Give their particular attention to the
PURCHASE AND SALE
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148.....South Water cor. Clark street.....146
apl8 1y-6557 CHICAGO.

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Refer to J. H. Dunham, President, Peoples' Bk
Prop Dunham's Docks, Chicago.
A. Chase, and C. Sunapiliere, Buffalo. 1y-6

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MARSH, HARWOOD & CO.,
NO. 69 SOUTH WATER STREET,
We are prepared at all times to make cash advances on Grain and Flour consigned to us for sale in store or to New York, Boston, Buffalo or Chicago.
Consignments are preferred to sell in either of these markets as the same commission. jy31 a33-1y

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SOUTH WATER ST NEAR CLARK.
Thomas Templeton. jal1-120-1y Jas. A. Kinney.

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No. 81 North Water street, Chicago, Illinois.
Cash advances made on Flour, Grain, or on Cargoes for sale in Buffalo.
Geo. F. Weatherbee, 1y7 Geo. A. Allen.

ALBERT E. NEELY & CO.,
(Late Neely & Kinzy.)
STORAGE AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, and dealers in Salt, Water Lime, Stucco, Quick Lime, Plastering Hair, &c., Nos. 276, 278 and 280, South Water street, near Franklin. jal1-6t-1y

SAWYER, WELLER & CO.,
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Liberal cash advances made on consignments to Messrs. Sawyer, Weller & Co., Buffalo. 1y-6247
Chicago, May 27, 1858.—an27 28

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(STATE AGENT SEVILLA & FRANCE, MONTREAL)
COMMISSION MERCHANT & BROKER,
Office No. 6 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.
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J. J. RICHARDS,
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REFERENCES—J. H. Dunham, Chicago; J. Young Scammon, Chicago; Chas. Dyer, Chicago; Dyer, Bro & Co., Chicago; Royal Mooers, Naples, Ill.; Woodruff & Co., New York; Jas. Woodruff, Jr., Esq., New York; Merchants' Bank, Springfield, Ill.; C. S. Dole, Chicago. ap27 58-1y

UNDERWOOD & CO.
Commission Merchants,
153 S. Water Street,
CHICAGO.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE CASH ADVANCES on Grain or shipment. Also, strong be vanced on storage of sellin. in Chicago. Refer to be made consignees. UNDERWOOD & CO., 153 S. Water street. 1y-6127

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SAWYER, WALLACE & CO.,
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Underwood & Co., Chicago,
Agents for the North-west

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P. G. SALTONSTALL..... E. I. TINKHAM..... JOHN C. ANSELL.
P. G. SALTONSTALL & CO.,
COMMISSION STOCK BROKERS, CORNER of Board of Trade and Lasalle streets. Will attend to the purchase and sale of Stocks and bonds of every description, at the Chicago Board of Trade, and the Stock Exchanges of the New York Stock Market received daily by Telegraph. Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion. Will have the chance at lowest rates of commission. ap24 6406-6m

D. ROBERT, PRODUCE AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Dealer in all kinds of Flour and Feed, and Country Produce generally, corner of Wolcott street, Chicago, Ill.
94 and 243 Kinzie, corner of Wolcott street, Chicago, Ill.
Flour and Feed delivered to any part of the city free of charge. ap24 6406-1y

D. KRIEGH & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, corner of South Water and Franklin streets,
CHICAGO.....ILLINOIS.
D. KRIEGH. my16 45-1y D. B. TAYLOR.

Hardware & Machinery.

THOMAS GEORGE & CO.'S
HOUSE - FURNISHING
DEPOT.
201 - - - Lake Street - - - 201

PARTIES WHO ARE COMMENCING Housekeeping will find it greatly to their advantage and convenience to call at our place, where they can obtain almost every article they need in the way of COOKING UTENSILS AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, instead of being obliged to collect their things from several establishments, as is usual. We can supply them with

COOKING STOVES, of the best quality and patterns.

PARLOR & CHAMBER STOVES, for Wood or Coal.

PORTABLE FURNACES, and PARLOR HEATERS,
FLAT IRON HEATERS,
CHARCOAL IRONS
SMOOTHING IRONS AND STANDS.
BOYNTON'S HOT AIR FURNACES,
Set to order at Short Notice.

These Furnaces are progressed THE BEST IN USE by Henry Wood Brother, (after an extensive experience), and (knowing) endorse his opinion. In regard to their working here, we refer to

Hon. H. T. Dickey, | S. C. Grimn, Esq.,
Dr. N. S. Davis, | Wm. Nixon, Esq.,
S. H. Fleetwood.

And in regard to the Portable Furnaces we are permitted to refer to

T. J. S. Flint, Esq., | Wm. Osborn, Esq.,
S. Sexton, Esq., | Thomas Richmond, Esq.

We have also a large Stock of
OFFICE STOVES,
For Hard and Soft Coal,
And
SALOON STOVES,
With Water Boilers.

HOWARD'S VENTILATING CAR STOVES,
And Every Variety of
BOX STOVES.

Let none in want of Stove fail to examine our stock, as we shall sell without regard to cost in order to close out several kinds.

Our Plain and Japanned TIN-WARE

TOOK THE
FIRST PREMIUM
At the ILLINOIS STATE FAIR at Centralia.
—ALSO—
Winship's Self Ventilating Refrigerator,
And the
MORNING STAR COOKING RANGE.

And the merits of all are too well understood in this city to need anything more than a bare announcement.

HAS OBTAINED A GREAT CIRCULATION and seems to be about as near Perfection as can, at present be attained. It is simple in construction, easily used, and will always give good Coffee, at one-fourth less cost than by the old modes of boiling.

OLD DOMINION TEA POT,

In which only HALF the usual quantity of Tea is required and a superior beverage obtained.

Both these articles are Patented by Bell, Goulding Cans and Jar, we are ab e to furnish at wholesale and retail at Manufacturer's Prices.

ECONOMY AND COMFORT.

A Ton of Coal Saved during the Winter, and the House made Warmer than ever, can be had by those who buy from all sizes, "But how is it to be done?" In the usual way, by purchasing the OLD TOVEY'S PATENT PORTABLE DOUBLE-SPRING, and one of the EXCELSIOR WEATHER STRIPS. Call and see them in operation, or if you cannot do so, send for circular, which will be sent gratis to any one who may write for it, and they will receive prompt attention.

R. T. THOMAS & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Office and Warehouse No. 26 North Dearborn street, two doors North of the Illinois Central Railroad Depot, Chicago, Illinois.
Especial attention given to the sale and purchase of Flour, Grain, Live Stock, Provisions, &c., on Commission. ap24-1y-6406

GEO. W. PERKINS & CO.,
STORAGE, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Give their Personal Attention to the Purchase and
SALE
FLOUR GRAIN AND OTHER PRODUCE
ON COMMISSION.
22 MARKET STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
ap24-3m-6406

P. G. SALTONSTALL..... E. I. TINKHAM..... JOHN C. ANSELL.
P. G. SALTONSTALL & CO.,
COMMISSION STOCK BROKERS, CORNER of Board of Trade and Lasalle streets. Will attend to the purchase and sale of Stocks and bonds of every description, at the Chicago Board of Trade, and the Stock Exchanges of the New York Stock Market received daily by Telegraph. Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion. Will have the chance at lowest rates of commission. ap24 6406-6m

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CHICAGO.....ILLINOIS.
D. KRIEGH. my16 45-1y D. B. TAYLOR.

LEA & PERRINS
CELEBRATED
Worcestershire Sauce,
Pronounced
—BY—
CONNOISSEURS
to be the
Only Good Sauce,
and
Applicable to
EVERY VARIETY
—OF—
DISH.
EXTENSIVE FRAUDS.

Extract of a Letter from a Medical Gentleman at Madras
To His Brother at Worcester.
MAY, 1851
"Tell Lea & Perrins that their Sauce is really esteemed in India as it is in England, in addition, the most palatable, wholesome sauce that can be made."

The only Medal awarded by the Jury of the New York Exhibition of Foreign Sauce was obtained by LEA & PERRINS for their Worcestershire Sauce. The world-wide fame of which having led to numerous forgeries, the Purchasers are requested to see that the names of Lea & Perrins are upon the Wrapper, Label, Stopper and Bottle.

Lea & Perrins' Names are engraved on the Wrapper, Label, Stopper and Bottle.

JOHN DUNCAN & SONS,
Agents for Lea & Perrins, 60 Broadway, New York.

A stock always in store. Also, orders received for direct shipments from England. ap26 1y-6511y

THE
GREAT WONDER
OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY,
PROFESSOR WOOD'S
HAIR RESTORATIVE.

SAYS THE ST. LOUIS (MO.) DEMOCRAT:

Before we publish a letter to Dr. Wood, of this city, from a gentleman in Maine, which speaks so wisely of the mighty power of his Hair Tonic, and evidences must have its effect, when coming from a reliable source. If recommended as a remedy for truth, the Dr. needs no confirma, nor unless suffery from the press.

PROFESSOR WOOD—Dear Sir: Having taken a letter to Dr. Wood, of this city, from a gentleman in Maine, which speaks so wisely of the mighty power of his Hair Tonic, and evidences must have its effect, when coming from a reliable source. If recommended as a remedy for truth, the Dr. needs no confirma, nor unless suffery from the press.

PROFESSOR WOOD—Dear Sir: Having taken a letter to Dr. Wood, of this city, from a gentleman in Maine, which speaks so wisely of the mighty power of his Hair Tonic, and evidences must have its effect, when coming from a reliable source. If recommended as a remedy for truth, the Dr. needs no confirma, nor unless suffery from the press.

PROFESSOR WOOD—Dear Sir: Having made a trial of your Hair Restorative, it gives me pleasure to say, that its effect has been an excellent in remov ar inflammation, dandruff and a disagreeable itching of the scalp, which I have been troubled from my childhood; and has a no removed my hair, which was becoming gray, so I a original color. I have used no other article with anything like the same pleasure or power.

Yours truly, J. K. BRAGG.

The Restorative is put up in Bottles of three sizes, viz: Small, Medium and Large. The Large Bottles, which contain the cost dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent more in proportion than the small, retails for two and one a bottle; the large holds a quart, and contains more than three times as much as the small, costing a bottle.

Dr. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great New York Wire Railing Establishment,) and for sale by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Painting! Painting! Painting

P. E. BIGNEY & SON,
HOUSE, SIGN AND SHADE PAINTING,
45 Randolph street, Wholesaling and Retailing

Legal.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY, ss.—Cook County Circuit Court—November Term, A. D. 1858.
David Abby vs. John Abby and James Abby—Attachment.

Public notice is hereby given to the said John Abby and James Abby that a writ of attachment has been issued against the estate of the said John Abby and James Abby, for the sum of Seven hundred and Forty Four Dollars and Sixty-Six Cents, directed to the Sheriff of Cook County, which said writ has been returned executed.

Now, therefore, unless you the said John Abby and James Abby, shall personally be and appear before the said Cook County Circuit Court, on or before the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago, on the third Monday of November, A. D., 1858, and plead to the declaration of the said plaintiff's action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said David Abby, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the same.

JOHN A. GROW, Plff's Att'y. WM. H. CHURCH, Clerk.
oct20 td56 1m

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that default having been made in the payment of thirteen [13] promissory notes, now past due, and amounting in the aggregate to Twenty Thousand Six Hund ed and Ninety-three Dollars and Twenty Three Cents ($20,693.23), and by virtue of a power given me by the first mortgage deed of trust, dated the 26th day of December, 1857, and s gned by P. Dow Flanal, agent, I shall sell at public vendue, on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1858, at the door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, Illinois, on the 23d day of November, A. D. 1858, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, sixty-eight (68) La Crau and Milwaukee Railroad Land Grant Bonds, of one thousand dollars each, each said bonds being placed in my hands as collateral to the payment of the notes, or any part thereof, and said bonds as may be necessary to discharge said indebtedness.

Dated Chicago, Oct. 26th, 1858. R. F. CARVER, Trustee.
oct30 bi0-4t

MASTER'S SALE—STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County, s. S.—Cook County Court of Common Pleas—In Chancery.
Frederick W. Holmes and Frederick Walbaum, vs. Charles Frederick Holmes et al.—Bill for Partition.

Public notice is hereby given that I, L. C. Paine Freer, Master in Chancery of Cook County, State of Illinois, will on the 23d day of November, A. D. 1858, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the north door of the Court House, in the city of Chicago, County of Cook aforesaid, in pursuance of a decretal order of said Court entered in the above entitled cause, at public auction to the highest bidder all the right, title and interest of the said Frederick W. Holmes, of, in and to twenty-eight (28) and twenty nine (29), in J. Diuet's Subdivision of the east half of out lot number twenty four (24) of the west half of the south-east quarter of section number thirteen (13), in Township thirty-nine north of Range fourteen (14) east, and also a three story brick tenement and appurtenances thereto attached, situated on Franklin street.

ALBERT E. NEELY & CO.

STATE OF ILLINOIS—COUNTY OF COOK, ss.—Cook County Circuit Court.—November Term, A. D. 1858.

John A. Grow, Assignee of James W. Brown, vs. Oral Hamilton et al.—Attachment.

Public Notice is hereby given to the said Canal Boat Bonanza, and to all persons interested out of the office of the Clerk of the Cook County Circuit Court, on the seventeenth day of September, A. D. 1858, at the suit of the said John A. Grow, Assignee of James W. Brown, and against the said Canal Boat Bonanza, for the sum of one thousand and fifty dollars, and costs of suit, which said writ has been returned executed.

Now, therefore, unless you, the said John C. Heverly, shall personally be and appear before the said Cook County Circuit Court, on or before the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago, on the third Monday of January, A. D. 1859, give special bail and plead to the said declaration, and in favor of the said Jacob Siawalt, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs, will be sold to satisfy the same.

WM. H. CHURCH, Clerk.
RAE & GROVE, Plff's Att'y. oct30 1y-6361-w

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY, ss.—Cook County Court of Common Pleas, November Term, A. D. 1858.—Attachment.

William H. Foster vs Samuel Stone and Jonathan R. Anderson.

Public notice is hereby given to the said Samuel Stone and Jonathan R. Anderson that a writ of att